

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:53 ON 21 DEC 2005
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provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 DEC 2005 HIGHEST RN 870234-75-6
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 DEC 2005 HIGHEST RN 870234-75-6

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JULY 14, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when
conducting SmartSELECT searches.

*
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added, *
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now *
* available and contains the CA role and document type information. *
*

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS
for details.

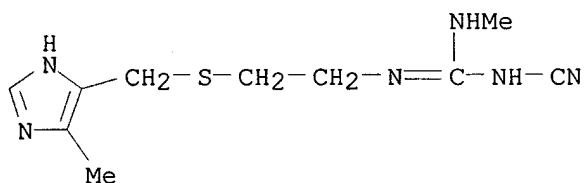
REGISTRY includes numerically searchable data for experimental and
predicted properties as well as tags indicating availability of
experimental property data in the original document. For information
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> d l33 ide can tot

L33 ANSWER 1 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
RN 51481-61-9 REGISTRY
ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-methyl-N''-[2-[[[(5-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]thio]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN Acibilin
CN Acinil
CN Biomet
CN Cimal
CN Cimetag
CN **Cimetidine**
CN Cimetum
CN Dyspamet
CN Edalene
CN Eureceptor
CN Gastromet
CN Histodil
CN N-Cyano-N'-methyl-N''-[2-((4-methyl-5-imidazolyl)-methylthio)ethyl]guanidine

CN NSC 335308
 CN Peptol
 CN SKF 92334
 CN Tagamet
 CN Tametin
 CN Tratul
 CN Ulcedin
 CN Ulcedine
 CN Ulcerfen
 CN Ulcimet
 CN Ulcofalk
 CN Ulcomedina
 CN Ulcomet
 CN Ulhys
 FS 3D CONCORD
 MF C10 H16 N6 S
 CI COM
 LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
 CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DIOGENES, DRUGU,
 EMBASE, GMELIN*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSCOSEARCH, IMSPATENTS,
 IMSRESEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NIOSHTIC, PHAR, PIRA, PROMT,
 PROUSDDR, PS, RTECS*, SCISEARCH, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN,
 USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
 (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
 Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, WHO
 (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

4975 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
 74 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 4979 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 143:483154
 REFERENCE 2: 143:475514
 REFERENCE 3: 143:474444
 REFERENCE 4: 143:466252
 REFERENCE 5: 143:466186
 REFERENCE 6: 143:458512
 REFERENCE 7: 143:453279
 REFERENCE 8: 143:452893

REFERENCE 9: 143:452734

REFERENCE 10: 143:452184

L33 ANSWER 2 OF 2 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

RN 50-63-5 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, N4-(7-chloro-4-quinolinyl)-N1,N1-diethyl-, phosphate
(1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Quinoline, 7-chloro-4-[(4-diethylamino-1-methylbutyl)amino]-, diphosphate
(6CI)

CN Quinoline, 7-chloro-4-[[4-(diethylamino)-1-methylbutyl]amino]-, phosphate
(1:2) (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN (±)-Chloroquine diphosphate

CN 3377RP

CN 7-Chloro-4-[(4'-diethylamino-1-methylbutyl)amino]quinoline diphosphate

CN Aralen diphosphate

CN Aralen phosphate

CN Arechin

CN Avloclor

CN Bemaphate

CN Chingamin

CN Chingamin phosphate

CN Chlorochin diphosphate

CN Chloroquin diphosphate

CN Chloroquine dihydrogen phosphate (1:2)

CN Chloroquine diphosphate

CN **Chloroquine phosphate**

CN Delagil

CN dl-Chloroquine diphosphate

CN Gontochin phosphate

CN Imagon

CN Khingamin

CN Malaquin

CN Nivaquine B

CN NSC 14050

CN Quingamine

CN Resochin

CN Resoquine

CN Sanoquin

CN SN 7618

CN Tanakan

CN Tanakan (antimalarial)

CN Tresochin

CN WR 1522

DR 69698-56-2, 6384-82-3

MF **C18 H26 Cl N3 . 2 H3 O4 P**

CI COM

LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS,
BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO, CA, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CBNB, CHEMCATS,
CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DIOGENES, EMBASE, HODOC*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB,
IMSCOSEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, NIOSHTIC, PROMT, PS, RTECS*,
TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL

(*File contains numerically searchable property data)

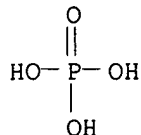
Other Sources: EINECS**

(**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

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CRN 7664-38-2

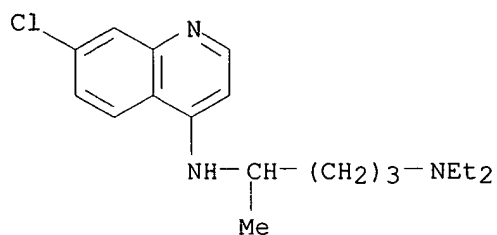
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 2

CRN 54-05-7

CMF C18 H26 Cl N3



PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

756 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
4 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
759 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
19 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

REFERENCE 1: 143:452940
REFERENCE 2: 143:446301
REFERENCE 3: 143:432094
REFERENCE 4: 143:427563
REFERENCE 5: 143:422486
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REFERENCE 7: 143:235202
REFERENCE 8: 143:216438
REFERENCE 9: 143:179241
REFERENCE 10: 143:159583

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:41:00 ON 21 DEC 2005)
DEL HIS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:42:16 ON 21 DEC 2005

L1 2 S US20040229908/PN OR US2003-616692#/AP, PRN
E NELSON J/AU
L2 1574 S E3-E52
E NELSON JODI/AU
L3 16 S E3-E5
E ALPHA/PA, CS
E ALPHA RES/PA, CS
L4 1 S E13-E16
L5 3 S L1, L4

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:45:14 ON 21 DEC 2005

E CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE/CN
L6 1 S E3
L7 24 S 54-05-7/CRN AND P/ELS
L8 20 S L7 AND 7664-38-2/CRN
L9 4 S L7 NOT L8
E CIMETIDINE/CN
L10 1 S E3
L11 69 S 51481-61-9/CRN
L12 0 S L11 AND L8
L13 6 S L8 NOT MXS/CI
L14 41 S L11 NOT MXS/CI
L15 11 S L14 NOT (COMPD OR CONJUGATE OR WITH)
L16 30 S L14 NOT L15
L17 6 S L6, L13
L18 12 S L10, L15

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:49:45 ON 21 DEC 2005

L19 771 S L17
L20 667 S (CHLOROQUIN# OR CHLORCHIN#) (PHOSPHATE OR DIPHOSPHATE OR DIH
L21 234 S AVLOCLOR OR ARECHIN OR ARALEN() (PHOSPHATE OR DIPHOSPHATE) OR
L22 14 S SN 7618 OR NSC 14050 OR WR 1522 OR SN7618 OR NSC14050 OR NSC
L23 1069 S L19-L22
L24 5067 S L18
L25 8050 S CIMETIDIN# OR ACIBILIN OR ACINIL OR BIOMET OR CIMAL OR CIMETA
L26 0 S SKF92334 OR SKF 92334 OR SKF 92 334 OR NSC335308 OR NSC 33530
L27 8253 S L24-L26
L28 9 S L23 AND L27
L29 3 S L28 AND L1-L5
L30 7 S L28 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
L31 4 S L30 NOT L29
SEL HIT RN L29

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:34 ON 21 DEC 2005

L32 2 S E1-E2
L33 2 S L32 AND L17, L18

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:53 ON 21 DEC 2005

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:57:00 ON 21 DEC 2005

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Dec 2005 VOL 143 ISS 26
FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Dec 2005 (20051220/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers
substance identification.

=> d l29 bib abs hitstr retable tot

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004
AN 2004:995776 HCAPLUS
DN 141:406120
TI Compositions and methods for the treatment of tardive dyskinesias with quinoline ring compounds
IN Nelson, Jodi
PA USA
SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 24 pp., Continuation-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 192,414.
CODEN: USXXCO
DT Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 4

Species

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004229908	A1	20041118	US 2003-616692	20030709 <--
	US 6417177	B1	20020709	US 2000-615639	20000713
	US 2002198231	A1	20021226	US 2002-192414	20020709
PRAI	US 1999-143767P	P	19990713		
	US 2000-175051P	P	20000107		
	US 2000-202140P	P	20000505		
	US 2000-615639	A2	20000713		
	US 2002-192414	A2	20020709		
	US 2003-479748P	P	20030619		

AB This invention provides compns. and methods for increasing cellular respiration of melanized catecholamine neurons, and methods for alleviating symptoms or stopping appearance and/or progression of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and related conditions, characterized by nigrostriatal degeneration, as well as drug-induced dyskinesias, tardive dyskinesia, Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome, and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia. An effective amount of a neuromelanin-binding composition having a quinoline ring in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier is administered to patient in need of such treatment. Preferably the composition comprises (-)-**chloroquine diphosphate**. Selected adjuvants are also provided as part of the compns. of this invention.

IT 50-63-5, **Chloroquine diphosphate**
51481-61-9, **Cimetidine**
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

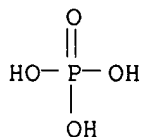
RN 50-63-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, N4-(7-chloro-4-quinolinyl)-N1,N1-diethyl-, phosphate (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CRN 7664-38-2

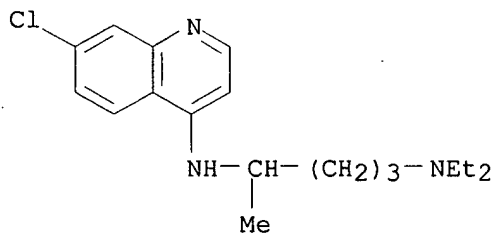
CMF H3 O4 P



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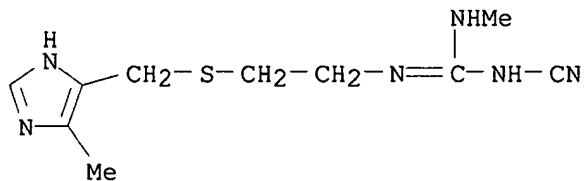
CRN 54-05-7

CMF C18 H26 Cl N3



RN 51481-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-methyl-N''-[2-[[[5-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]thio]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L29 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:41228 HCAPLUS

DN 140:105304

TI Compositions and methods for the treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias

IN Nelson, Jodi

PA Alpha Research Group, L.L.C., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004004660	A2	20040115	WO 2003-US21463	20030709
	WO 2004004660	A3	20051103		
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	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,				
	GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				
	LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,				
	PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,				
	UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				
	KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,				
	FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,				
	BE, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	US 2002198231	A1	20021226	US 2002-192414	20020709
	EP 1581167	A2	20051005	EP 2003-763398	20030709
	R:				
	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
	IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
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	US 2003-479748P	P	20030619		
	US 1999-143767P	P	19990713		
	US 2000-175051P	P	20000107		
	US 2000-202140P	P	20000505		
	US 2000-615639	A2	20000713		
	WO 2003-US21463	W	20030709		

AB This invention provides compns. and methods for increasing cellular respiration of melanized catecholamine neurons, and methods for alleviating symptoms or stopping appearance and/or progression of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and related conditions, characterized by nigrostriatal degeneration, as well as drug-induced dyskinesias, tardive dyskinesia, Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome, and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia. An effective amount of a neuromelanin-binding composition having

a quinoline ring in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier is administered to patient in need of such treatment. Preferably the composition comprises (-)-**chloroquine diphosphate**. Selected adjuvants are also provided as part of the compns. of this invention.

IT **50-63-5, Chloroquine phosphate**
51481-61-9, Cimetidine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

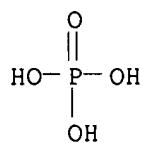
RN 50-63-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, N4-(7-chloro-4-quinolinyl)-N1,N1-diethyl-, phosphate (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7664-38-2

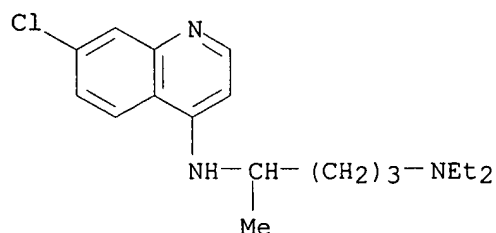
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 2

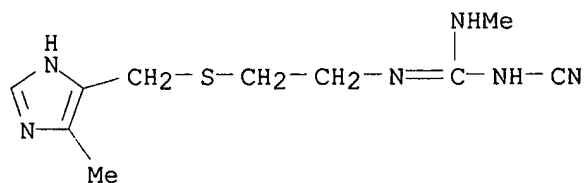
CRN 54-05-7

CMF C18 H26 Cl N3



RN 51481-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-methyl-N''-[2-[(5-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]thio]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L29 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:978470 HCAPLUS

DN 138:33365

TI Compositions and methods for the treatment of Parkinson's disease with quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compounds

IN Nelson, Jodi

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,417,177.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2002198231	A1	20021226	US 2002-192414	20020709
	US 6417177	B1	20020709	US 2000-615639	20000713
	WO 2004004660	A2	20040115	WO 2003-US21463	20030709
	WO 2004004660	A3	20051103		

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,

GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
 LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
 PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
 UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 US 2004229908 A1 20041118 US 2003-616692 20030709 <--
 EP 1581167 A2 20051005 EP 2003-763398 20030709
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
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PRAI US 1999-143767P P 19990713
 US 2000-175051P P 20000107
 US 2000-202140P P 20000505
 US 2000-615639 A2 20000713
 US 2002-192414 A 20020709
 US 2003-479748P P 20030619
 WO 2003-US21463 W 20030709

AB This invention provides compns. and methods for increasing cellular respiration of melanized catecholamine neurons, and methods for alleviating symptoms or stopping appearance and/or progression of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and related conditions, characterized by nigrostriatal degeneration. An effective amount of a neuromelanin-binding composition having a quinoline ring in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier is administered to patient in need of such treatment. Preferably the composition comprises (-)-chloroquine. Selected adjuvants are also provided as part of the compns. of this invention.

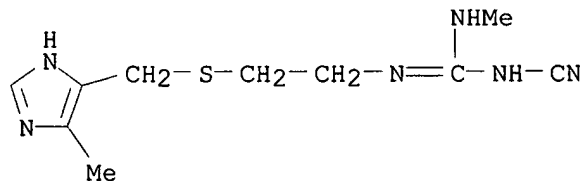
IT **51481-61-9, Cimetidine**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cytochrome P 450 2D6 and A3 inhibitor inhibiting peripheral metabolism of chloroquine compds.; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)

RN 51481-61-9 HCAPLUS

CN Guanidine, N-cyano-N'-methyl-N''-[2-[(5-methyl-1H-imidazol-4-yl)methyl]thio]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **50-63-5, Chloroquine phosphate**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)

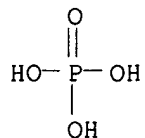
RN 50-63-5 HCAPLUS

CN 1,4-Pentanediamine, N4-(7-chloro-4-quinolinyl)-N1,N1-diethyl-, phosphate (1:2) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 7664-38-2

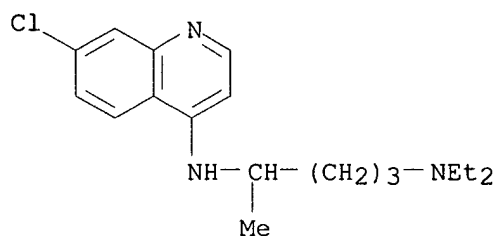
CMF H3 O4 P



CM 2

CRN 54-05-7

CMF C18 H26 Cl N3



=> => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:41:00 ON 21 DEC 2005)
DEL HIS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:42:16 ON 21 DEC 2005

L1 2 S US20040229908/PN OR US2003-616692#/AP, PRN
E NELSON J/AU
L2 1574 S E3-E52
E NELSON JODI/AU
L3 16 S E3-E5
E ALPHA/PA,CS
E ALPHA RES/PA,CS
L4 1 S E13-E16
L5 3 S L1,L4

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:45:14 ON 21 DEC 2005

E CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE/CN
L6 1 S E3
L7 24 S 54-05-7/CRN AND P/ELS
L8 20 S L7 AND 7664-38-2/CRN
L9 4 S L7 NOT L8
E CIMETIDINE/CN
L10 1 S E3
L11 69 S 51481-61-9/CRN
L12 0 S L11 AND L8
L13 6 S L8 NOT MXS/CI
L14 41 S L11 NOT MXS/CI
L15 11 S L14 NOT (COMPD OR CONJUGATE OR WITH)
L16 30 S L14 NOT L15
L17 6 S L6,L13

L18 12 S L10,L15

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:49:45 ON 21 DEC 2005

L19 771 S L17

L20 667 S (CHLOROQUIN# OR CHLORCHIN#)() (PHOSPHATE OR DIPHOSPHATE OR DIH

L21 234 S AVLOCLOR OR ARECHIN OR ARALEN() (PHOSPHATE OR DIPHOSPHATE) OR

L22 14 S SN 7618 OR NSC 14050 OR WR 1522 OR SN7618 OR NSC14050 OR NSC

L23 1069 S L19-L22

L24 5067 S L18

L25 8050 S CIMETIDIN# OR ACIBILIN OR ACINIL OR BIOMET OR CIMAL OR CIMETA

L26 0 S SKF92334 OR SKF 92334 OR SKF 92 334 OR NSC335308 OR NSC 33530

L27 8253 S L24-L26

L28 9 S L23 AND L27

L29 3 S L28 AND L1-L5

L30 7 S L28 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)

L31 4 S L30 NOT L29
SEL HIT RN L29

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:34 ON 21 DEC 2005

L32 2 S E1-E2

L33 2 S L32 AND L17,L18

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:53 ON 21 DEC 2005

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:57:00 ON 21 DEC 2005

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:57:25 ON 21 DEC 2005

E 591.79/RID

E 591.79.52/RID

L34 363017 S E3

L35 6 S (CELECOXIB OR CHLORPHENIRAMINE OR FLUOXETINE OR PAROXETINE OR

L36 9 S (AMIODARONE OR CLOMIPRAMINE OR LEVOMEPRMAZINE OR METOCLOPRAM

L37 9 S (INDINAVIR OR NELFINAVIR OR SAQUINAVIR OR AMIODARONE OR CIPRO

L38 6 S (FLUVOXAMINE OR ITRACONAZOLE OR KETOCONAZOLE OR MIFEPRISTONE

E DELAVIRIDINE/CN

L39 1 S E1

E NORFLOXACINEM/CN

L40 1 S E2

E DIETHYL DITHIOCARBAMATE/CN

E DITHIOCARBAMATE/CN

E C5H11NS2/MF

L41 69 S E3

L42 4 S L41 AND DIETHYL

L43 2 S L42 NOT (13C OR LABELED)

L44 33 S L35-L40,L43

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:07:30 ON 21 DEC 2005

L45 TRA L29 1- RN : 233 TERMS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:07:31 ON 21 DEC 2005

L46 233 SEA L45

L47 32 S L46 AND L44

L48 1 S L44 NOT L47
SEL RN L47

L49 1862 S E1-E32/CRN

L50 1189 S L49 NOT (MXS OR PMS OR IDS)/CI

L51 364 S L50 NOT (COMPD OR WITH OR LABELED OR CONJUGATE)

L52 354 S L51 NOT H

L53 10 S L51 NOT L52

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:09:16 ON 21 DEC 2005

L54 10279 S L52
L55 61759 S L47
L56 14065 S CELECOXIB OR CHLORPHENIRAMIN# OR FLUOXETINE OR PAROXETINE OR
L57 19948 S AMIODARONE OR CLOMIPRAMINE OR LEVOMEPRMAZINE OR METOCLOPRAMI
L58 42458 S INDINAVIR OR NELFINAVIR OR SAQUINAVIR OR AMIODARONE OR CIPROF
L59 8909 S FLUVOXAMINE OR ITRACONAZOLE OR KETOCONAZOLE OR MIFEPRISTONE O
L60 1019 S DELAVIRDINE OR NORFLOXACINEM OR DIETHYL DITHIOCARBAMATE
L61 10445 S DIETHYLDITHIOCARBAMIC ACID OR DIETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE
L62 101369 S L27,L54-L61

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:12:46 ON 21 DEC 2005

L63 142 S L34 AND L46 NOT L47,L52
L64 141 S L63 NOT L17

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:14:00 ON 21 DEC 2005

L65 5629 S L64
L66 6449 S L23,L65

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:14:19 ON 21 DEC 2005

L67 362658 S L34 NOT L6,L7,L44,L47,L49
L68 312879 S L67 AND 1/NC
L69 306617 S L68 NOT (PMS OR CCS OR IDS OR MNS)/CI
L70 306104 S L69 NOT SQL/FA
L71 105066 S L70 AND ED<=1999
L72 201038 S L70 NOT L71
L73 9075 S L72 AND ED<=2000

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:17:27 ON 21 DEC 2005

L74 83387 S L71
L75 1650 S L73
L76 13929 S (A61K031-47 OR C07D215)/IPC
L77 93905 S L66,L74-L76
L78 4834 S L77 AND L62
L79 3464 S L78 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
L80 4 S L78 AND L1-L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:26:26 ON 21 DEC 2005

L81 2 S 329322-82-9 OR 330597-62-1

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:26:31 ON 21 DEC 2005

L82 45 S L81 AND L77
L83 3 S L82 AND L1-L5
L84 4 S L80,L83
L85 7 S L82 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
L86 3463 S L79,L85 NOT L84
E NERVOUS SYSTEM/CT
L87 333287 S E3+OLD,NT
L88 8 S E2
L89 103409 S E3-E96
L90 33636 S E99-E204
L91 9577 S E96,E97,E205-E216
L92 224670 S E240+OLD,NT
L93 13731 S E240-E300
L94 3347 S E301-E318
L95 1367 S E319-E329
E NEURON/CT
L96 19335 S E3
L97 1 S E57
E SCHIZOPHRENIA/CT

L98 10378 S E3-E7 OR E3+OLD,NT
 E PARKINSON/CT
 L99 15152 S E7-E9 OR E7+OLD,NT
 E E7+ALL
 E E13+ALL
 L100 4895 S E4
 E E12+ALL
 E E14+ALL
 L101 1219 S E5+NT
 E E4+ALL
 L102 22498 S E4+NT
 E NERVE/CT
 L103 167288 S E3+OLD,NT
 L104 145870 S E3-E48
 L105 34989 S E49-E96
 L106 51767 S E97-E132
 L107 30329 S E133-E180
 L108 17918 S E181-E212
 L109 11853 S E218-E228 OR E220+OLD,NT
 L110 11092 S E229-E282
 L111 52327 S E314 OR E317-E336 OR E319+OLD,NT
 L112 14304 S E337-E372
 L113 22876 S E373-E395
 L114 13911 S E396
 L115 1524 S E397-E401
 E MOTOR/CT
 L116 215 S E27
 E COGNITI/CT
 L117 9282 S E4+OLD,NT OR E4-E8 OR E11+OLD,NT OR E12
 E E13+ALL
 L118 996 S E2,E3
 E MENTAL/CT
 L119 14032 S E22,E23
 L120 24566 S E29-E90
 E E29+ALL
 L121 58762 S E8+OLD,NT
 E BRAIN/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L122 397625 S E4+OLD,NT
 L123 218 S L86 AND L87-L122
 L124 1 S L123 AND ?DYSKINES?
 L125 12 S L123 AND ?PARKINSON?
 L126 3 S L123 AND ?SCHIZOPHREN?
 E METABOLISM/CT
 E E13+ALL
 L127 45 S E2,E3(L) PERIPHER?
 L128 217 S E2+NT(L) PERIPHER?
 L129 0 S L123 AND L127,L128
 L130 2 S E2+OLD,NT AND L123
 L131 4 S L84 AND L87-L122
 L132 2 S L84 AND E2,E3
 L133 4 S L131,L132
 L134 15 S L124-L126
 L135 1 S L134 AND L30
 L136 14 S L134 NOT L135
 SEL DN AN 7 9
 L137 2 S L136 AND E1-E6

=> d all hitstr l137 tot

L137 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 1999:344848 HCAPLUS
 DN 131:714
 ED Entered STN: 07 Jun 1999
 TI Therapeutic uses of triazolo-pyridazine derivatives
 IN Castro Pineiro, Jose Luis; Hefti, Franz Fridolin; Hill, Raymond George;
 McKernan, Ruth; Tattersall, Frederick David; Whiting, Paul John
 PA Merck Sharp & Dohme Limited, UK
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DT Patent
 LA English
 IC ICM A61K031-50
 ICS A61K031-00; A61K045-06
 CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9925353	A1	19990527	WO 1998-GB3328	19981106 <--
	W:	AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 9910415	A1	19990607	AU	19991106 <--
	US 6174886	B1	20010116	US	
	US 6107296	A	20000822	US	
	US 6110915	A	20000829	US	
	US 6046196	A	20000404	US	
	US 6063783	A	20000516	US	
PRAI	GB 1997-23999	A	19971113	<--	
	GB 1997-26699	A	19971218	<--	
	GB 1997-26700	A	19971218	<--	
	GB 1997-26701	A	19971218	<--	
	GB 1997-26702	A	19971218	<--	
	GB 1998-1581	A	19980123	<--	
	WO 1998-GB3328	W	19981106	<--	

Broader context
^ [U] + 2nd component
+ date
+ use

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 9925353	ICM	A61K031-50
	ICS	A61K031-00; A61K045-06
	IPCI	A61K0031-50 [ICM,6]; A61K0031-00 [ICS,6]; A61K0045-06 [ICS,6]
	ECLA	A61K031/5025 <--
AU 9910415	IPCI	A61K0031-50 [ICM,6]; A61K0031-00 [ICS,6]; A61K0045-06 [ICS,6] <--
US 6174886	IPCI	C07D0237-12 [ICM,7]; C07D0471-02 [ICS,7]; C07D0237-14 [ICS,7]
	NCL	514/248.000; 514/340.000; 544/236.000; 544/239.000
	ECLA	A61K031/5025 <--
US 6107296	IPCI	A01N0043-58 [ICM,7]; A01N0031-50 [ICS,7]
	NCL	514/248.000
	ECLA	A61K031/5025 <--
US 6110915	IPCI	A61K0031-495 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-50 [ICS,7]
	NCL	514/248.000

US 6046196 ECLA A61K031/5025 <--
 IPCI A61K0031-495 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-50 [ICS,7]
 NCL 514/248.000
 US 6063783 ECLA A61K031/5025 <--
 IPCI A61K0031-495 [ICM,7]; A61K0031-50 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-54
 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-415 [ICS,7]; A61K0031-34 [ICS,7]
 NCL 514/248.000; 514/226.500; 514/406.000; 514/473.000
 ECLA A61K031/5025 <--

OS MARPAT 131:714

AB A class of substituted or 7,8-ring fused 1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-b]pyridazine
 derivs., possessing an optionally substituted cycloalkyl, Ph or heteroaryl
 substituent at the 3-position and a substituted alkoxy moiety at the
 6-position, are selective ligands for GABAA receptors, in particular
 having high affinity for the $\alpha 2$ and/or $\alpha 3$ subunit thereof, and
 are accordingly of benefit in the treatment and/or prevention of psychotic
 disorders including **schizophrenia**; neurodegeneration arising
 from cerebral ischemia; pain; emesis; and muscle spasm or spasticity, e.g.
 in paraplegic patients.

ST triazolopyridazine deriv GABAA ligand therapeutic; antipsychotic
schizophrenia analgesic antiemetic triazolopyridazine deriv;
 neurodegeneration cerebral ischemia triazolopyridazine deriv; muscle spasm
 spasticity triazolopyridazine deriv

IT 5-HT antagonists
 (5-HT3; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use,
 alone or with other compds.)

IT GABA agonists
 (GABAA; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use,
 alone or with other compds.)

IT GABA receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (GABAA; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT Tachykinin receptors
 (NK1 antagonists; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and
 therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT Glutamate receptors
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL
 (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (NMDA-binding, strychnine-insensitive glycine modulatory site of NMDA
 receptor; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use,
 alone or with other compds.)

IT Opioids
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)
 (analgesic; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic
 use, alone or with other compds.)

IT **Nerve**
 (degeneration, from cerebral **ischemia**;
 triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT Neurotransmission
 (glutamatergic, modulators; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands
 and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT **Brain, disease**
 (ischemia, neurodegeneration from; triazolo-pyridazine derivative
 GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT Cytoprotective agents
 (neuroprotectants; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and
 therapeutic use)

IT Anti-inflammatory agents

(nonsteroidal; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT Drug delivery systems
(prodrugs; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT Muscle relaxants
(spasmolytics; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT Cholinergic antagonists
Dopamine antagonists
(triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT Analgesics
Antiemetics
Antipsychotics
Drug delivery systems
Muscle relaxants
(triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT 39391-18-9
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(2, inhibitors; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT 12794-10-4D, Benzodiazepine, derivs.
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(GABAA receptor benzodiazepine binding site; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

IT 56-40-6, Glycine, biological studies 57-24-9, Strychnine
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(strychnine-insensitive glycine modulatory site of NMDA receptor; triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT 50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies
52-86-8, Haloperidol 58-39-9, Perphenazine 69-23-8, Fluphenazine
113-59-7, Chlorprothixene 117-89-5, Trifluoperazine 1134-47-0,
Baclofen 1977-10-2, Loxapine 2062-78-4, Pimozide 2751-68-0,
Acetophenazine 3313-26-6, Thiothixene 5588-33-0, Mesoridazine
5786-21-0, Clozapine 7416-34-4, Molindone 15676-16-1, Sulpiride
71125-38-7, Meloxicam 106266-06-2, Risperidone 127625-29-0, Fananserin
131986-45-3, Xanomeline 132539-06-1, Olanzapine 146939-27-7,
Ziprasidone 162011-90-7, Rofecoxib **169590-42-5**,
Celecoxib
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

IT 202929-19-9 202929-20-2 202929-21-3 202929-22-4 202929-23-5
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225642-16-0	225642-18-2	225642-21-7	225642-28-4	

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

- (1) Anon; S-TRIAZOLO(3,4-a) (5, 6, 7, 8)TETRAHYDROPHTHA LAZINES 1978, 5, HCAPLUS
- (2) Delini-Stula, A; JOURNAL OF PSYCHIATRIC RESEARCH 1996, V30(4), P239 MEDLINE
- (3) Dunn, E; SOCIETY FOR NEUROSCIENCE ABSTRACTS 1995, V21(1-3), P2046
- (4) Hadingham, K; MOLECULAR PHARMACOLOGY 1993, V43, P970 HCAPLUS
- (5) Hall, E; JOURNAL OF CEREBRAL BLOOD FLOW AND METABOLISM 1997, V17(8), P875 HCAPLUS
- (6) Knoll Ag; WO 9632393 A 1996 HCAPLUS
- (7) Lepetit Spa; EP 0085840 A 1983 HCAPLUS
- (8) Merck Sharp & Dohme; WO 9834923 A 1998 HCAPLUS
- (9) Mitsubishi Chemical Ind; JP 53021197 A 1978 HCAPLUS
- (10) Richard, G; WO 9804559 A 1998 HCAPLUS
- (11) Sanofi Sa; EP 0156734 A 1985 HCAPLUS
- (12) Schering Ag; DE 19617862 A 1997 HCAPLUS
- (13) Tarzia, G; FARMACO EDIZIONE SCIENTIFICA 1988, V43(2), P189 HCAPLUS

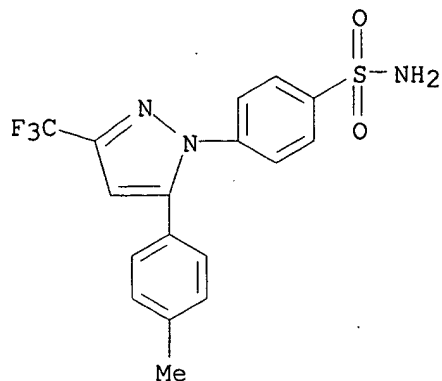
IT 169590-42-5, Celecoxib

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands and therapeutic use, alone or with other compds.)

RN 169590-42-5 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 4-[5-(4-methylphenyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazol-1-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



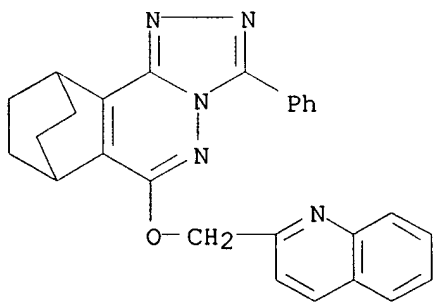
IT 202929-64-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(triazolo-pyridazine derivative GABAA ligands, and therapeutic use)

RN 202929-64-4 HCAPLUS

CN 7,10-Ethano-1,2,4-triazolo[3,4-a]phthalazine, 7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-3-phenyl-6-(2-quinolinylmethoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L137 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 1998:509091 HCAPLUS

DN 129:144869

ED Entered STN: 17 Aug 1998

TI Serotonergic 5-HT2B agonists for the treatment of depression and other CNS diseases

IN Kennett, Guy Anthony

PA Smithkline Beecham PLC, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-00

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9831354	A2	19980723	WO 1998-EP380	19980113 <--
	W: CA, JP, US				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				

PRAI GB 1997-899

A 19970117 <--

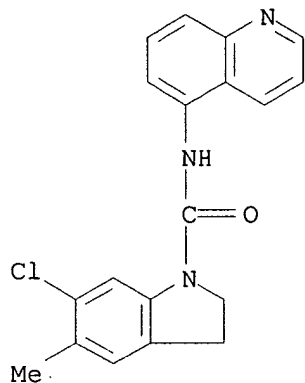
CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 9831354	ICM	A61K031-00
	IPCI	A61K0031-00 [ICM, 6]
	ECLA	A61K031/00+A; A61K031/4045; A61K031/4525 <--
AB	Depression and other CNS diseases are treated by enhancing 5-HT2B receptor function with a 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator. The 5-HT2B agonist is e.g. 1-(5-thienylmethoxy-1H-3-indolyl)propan-2-amine (BW 723C86).	
ST	antidepressant serotonergic S2B agonist; CNS disease serotonergic S2B agonist; thienylmethoxyindolylpropanamine antidepressant CNS disease; BW 723C86 antidepressant CNS disease	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (5-HT1A; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (5-HT1B; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (5-HT1D; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (5-HT1E; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (5-HT1F; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (5-HT2A; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	Allosterism Antidepressants Antimigraine agents Nervous system agents (5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)	
IT	5-HT receptors RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)	

- (5-HT2B; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT 5-HT receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(5-HT2C; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT 5-HT receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(5-HT4; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT 5-HT receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(5-HT6; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT 5-HT receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(5-HT7; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Dopamine receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(D2; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Dopamine receptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(D3; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Drugs of abuse
(addiction; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Appetite
(bulimia; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Fatigue, biological
(chronic fatigue syndrome; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Behavior
(conflict, Vogel conflict test; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **Mental disorder**
(**dementia**, behavior disorder associated with; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of **depression** and other CNS diseases)
- IT Behavior

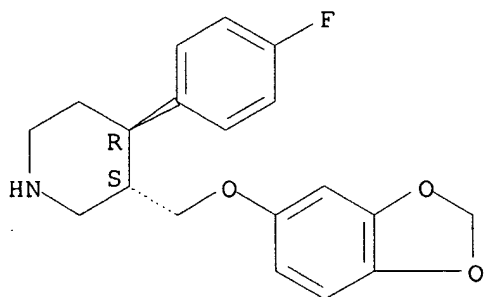
- (disorder, dementia-associated; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Stomach
(fundus; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **Schizophrenia**
(neg. symptoms; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **Mental disorder**
(**obsession-compulsion**; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of **depression** and other CNS diseases)
- IT Anxiety
(panic disorder; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **Mental disorder**
(**phobia**, social; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of **depression** and other CNS diseases)
- IT Ovarian cycle
(premenstrual syndrome; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Behavior
(social, social interaction; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Drug dependence
(to drugs of abuse; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT Adrenoceptors
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
(α 1B; 5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **162100-15-4**, 6-Chloro-5-methyl-1-(5-quinolylcarbamoyl)indoline
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **61869-08-7, Paroxetine** 160521-72-2, Bw 723c86
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
- IT **162100-15-4**, 6-Chloro-5-methyl-1-(5-quinolylcarbamoyl)indoline
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)

RN 162100-15-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H-Indole-1-carboxamide, 6-chloro-2,3-dihydro-5-methyl-N-5-quinolinyl-
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **61869-08-7, Paroxetine**
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (5-HT2B receptor function enhancement with 5-HT2B agonist or pos. allosteric modulator for treatment of depression and other CNS diseases)
 RN 61869-08-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Piperidine, 3-[(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yloxy)methyl]-4-(4-fluorophenyl)-, (3S,4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



=> d 1133 all tot

L133 ANSWER 1 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
 AN 2004:995776 HCAPLUS
 DN 141:406120
 ED Entered STN: 19 Nov 2004
 TI Compositions and methods for the treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias with quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compounds
 IN Nelson, Jodi
 PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 24 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 192,414.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-47

INCL 514313000

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2004229908	A1	20041118	US 2003-616692	20030709 <--
	US 6417177	B1	20020709	US 2000-615639	20000713 <--
	US 2002198231	A1	20021226		
PRAI	US 1999-143767P	P	19990713		
	US 2000-175051P	P	20000107		
	US 2000-202140P	P	20000505		
	US 2000-615639	A2	20000713		
	US 2002-192414	A2	20020709		
	US 2003-479748P	P	20030619		

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSI
US 2004229908	ICM	A61K031-47
	INCL	514313000
	IPCI	A61K0031-47 [ICM,7]
	NCL	514/313.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18
US 6417177	IPCI	A61K0031-47 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]
	NCL	514/082.000; 514/007.000; 514/105.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18
US 2002198231	IPCI	A61K0031-4706 [ICM,7]
	NCL	514/313.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18

AB This invention provides compns. and methods for increasing cellular respiration of melanized catecholamine neurons, and methods for alleviating symptoms or stopping appearance and/or progression of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and related conditions, characterized by nigrostriatal degeneration, as well as drug-induced dyskinesias, tardive dyskinesia, Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome, and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia. An effective amount of a neuromelanin-binding composition

having

a quinoline ring in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier is administered to patient in need of such treatment. Preferably the composition comprises (-)-**chloroquine diphosphate**. Selected adjuvants are also provided as part of the compns. of this invention.

ST parkinsonism treatment quinoline analog adjuvant

IT **Nervous system, disease**

(Huntington's **chorea**, movement disorder from; treatment of parkinson's **disease** and **tardive dyskinesias** using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **Nervous system, disease**

(**akathisia**, drug-induced; treatment of parkinson's **disease** and **tardive dyskinesias** using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome

- P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Disease, animal
(atrophy, multiple symptom; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Neuron
(catecholaminergic, melanized, reducing apoptosis in; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Nervous system, disease
(chorea, drug-induced; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Brain
(corpus striatum, glial-derived neurotrophic factor increase in; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(delayed release; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Mental and behavioral disorders
(depression, in schizophrenia; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Drug toxicity
(dyskinesia from; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Nervous system, disease
(extrapyramidal, drug-induced; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Neurotrophic factors
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(glial-derived, in nigrostriatal neural degeneration; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Brain
(globus pallidus, glial-derived neurotrophic factor increase in; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Amnesia
Cognitive disorders
(in Parkinson's disease; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Apoptosis
(in melanized catecholaminergic neurons, inhibition; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT Oxidative stress, biological
(inhibition, in schizophrenia; treatment of parkinson's disease and

- tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Metabolism, animal**
(inhibitors; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Mental and behavioral disorders**
(lack of motivation, in schizophrenia; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Motor skill disorders**
(motor fluctuations; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Wilson's disease**
(movement disorder from; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Schizophrenia**
(neg. symptoms; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Nervous system, disease**
(neuroleptic malignant syndrome;
treatment of parkinson's **disease** and **tardive dyskinesias** using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Melanins**
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
(neuromelanins; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Cytoprotective agents**
(neuroprotective, for melanized catecholaminergic neurons; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Brain, disease**
(nigrostriatal **degeneration**, movement disorder from;
treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Brain**
(substantia nigra, glial-derived neurotrophic factor increase in;
treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Drug interactions**
(synergistic; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Nervous system, disease**
(**tardive dyskinesia**; treatment of parkinson's **disease** and **tardive dyskinesias** using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)
- IT **Brain, disease**
(thalamic hyperactivity, decrease of; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs

and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **Antiparkinsonian agents**

Antipsychotics

Cognition enhancers

Combination chemotherapy

Dopamine agonists

Dopamine antagonists

Human

Movement disorders

Parkinson's disease

(treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **70458-96-7, Norfloxacin**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(**Norfloxacine**; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **329322-82-9, Cytochrome P 450 3A 330597-62-1, Cytochrome**

P 450 2D6

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(inhibitors; treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **132-22-9, Chlorpheniramine**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL

(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **59-92-7, Levodopa, biological studies**

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **67459-54-5, (-)-Chloroquine diphosphate**

69698-55-1, (+)-Chloroquine diphosphate

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

IT **50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies**

50-63-5, Chloroquine diphosphate 51-61-6,

Dopamine, biological studies 51-61-6D, Dopamine, precursors, biological studies 52-86-8, Haloperidol **54-05-7, Chloroquine**

56-54-2, Quinidine 58-38-8, Prochlorperazine

58-39-9, Perphenazine 58-40-2, Promazine **60-99-1,**

Levomopromazine 69-23-8, Fluphenazine 113-59-7,

Chlorprothixene **114-07-8, Erythromycin 117-89-5,**

Trifluoperazine **118-42-3, Hydroxychloroquine 134-31-6,**

8-Quinolinol sulfate **147-84-2, biological studies**

303-49-1, Clomipramine 364-62-5,

Metoclopramide 442-96-6 1915-92-0

1951-25-3, Amiodarone 1977-10-2, Loxapine 2062-78-4,

Pimozide 2739-16-4, 3,4-Dihydro-1-(2H)-quinolinecarboxaldehyde

3313-26-6, Thiothixene 4169-19-1, 1-Acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

5002-47-1, Fluphenazine decanoate 5588-33-0, Mesoridazine
 6168-85-0 7416-34-4, Molindone 24283-71-4,
 1-Butyryl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline 32571-37-2 42399-41-7
 , Diltiazem 51481-61-9, Cimetidine
 53462-15-0 54739-18-3, Fluvoxamine
 54910-89-3, Fluoxetine 61869-08-7,
 Paroxetine 65277-42-1, Ketoconazole
 66357-35-5, Ranitidine 71320-77-9,
 Moclobemide 74050-97-8, Haloperidol decanoate 79617-96-2
 , Sertraline 81103-11-9, Clarithromycin
 83366-66-9, Nefazodone 83891-03-6,
 Norfluoxetine 84371-65-3, Mifepristone
 84625-61-6, Itraconazole 85721-33-1,
 Ciprofloxacin 86166-07-6 86386-73-4,
 Fluconazole 91161-71-6, Terbinafine
 99218-67-4 116644-53-2, Mibefradil
 127779-20-8, Saquinavir 136817-59-9,
 Delavirdine 150378-17-9, Indinavir
 155213-67-5, Ritonavir 159989-64-7,
 Nelfinavir 169590-42-5, Celecoxib
 319912-96-4 319912-97-5 319912-98-6
 319913-01-4 319913-02-5 319913-03-6
 319913-04-7 319913-05-8 319913-08-1
 478784-57-5 478784-58-6 478784-60-0
 478784-61-1 478784-65-5 478784-66-6
 478784-67-7 478784-68-8 478784-70-2
 478784-71-3 645406-28-6 645406-30-0
 645406-32-2 645406-38-8 645406-39-9
 645406-40-2 645406-41-3 645406-46-8
 645406-47-9 645406-48-0 645406-49-1

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias using
 neuromelanin-binding quinoline analogs and adjuvants such as cytochrome
 P 450 inhibitors and dopamine modulators)

L133 ANSWER 2 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:41228 HCAPLUS

DN 140:105304

ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 2004

TI Compositions and methods for the treatment of Parkinson's disease and
 tardive dyskinesias

IN Nelson, Jodi

PA Alpha Research Group, L.L.C., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 52 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004004660	A2	20040115	WO 2003-US21463	20030709 <--
	WO 2004004660	A3	20051103		
	W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,			

PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
 UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
 KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
 US 2002198231 A1 20021226 US 2002-192414 20020709
 EP 1581167 A2 20051005 EP 2003-763398 20030709
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
 PRAI US 2002-192414 A 20020709
 US 2003-479748P P 20030619
 US 1999-143767P P 19990713
 US 2000-175051P P 20000107
 US 2000-202140P P 20000505
 US 2000-615639 A2 20000713
 WO 2003-US21463 W 20030709

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004004660	ICM	A61K
	IPCI	A61K [ICM,7]; A61K0031-47 [ICS,7]
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M
US 2002198231	IPCI	A61K0031-4706 [ICM,7]
	NCL	514/313.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18
EP 1581167	IPCI	A61K0007-00 [ICM,7]
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M

<--

AB This invention provides compns. and methods for increasing cellular respiration of melanized catecholamine neurons, and methods for alleviating symptoms or stopping appearance and/or progression of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and related conditions, characterized by nigrostriatal degeneration, as well as drug-induced dyskinesias, tardive dyskinesia, Neuroleptic Malignant Syndrome, and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia. An effective amount of a neuromelanin-binding composition having a quinoline ring in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier is administered to patient in need of such treatment. Preferably the composition comprises (-)-**chloroquine diphosphate**. Selected adjuvants are also provided as part of the compns. of this invention.

ST chloroquine catecholamine neuron respiration Parkinson disease tardive dyskinesia therapy

IT Antihistamines
 (H1; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT Lactoferrins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (antibodies; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT Neuron
 (catecholaminergic, melanized; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT Antioxidants
Antiparkinsonian agents
 Dopamine agonists
 Dopamine antagonists

Drug delivery systems

Human

Motor skill disorders

Respiration, animal

Schizophrenia

(compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT Drug delivery systems

(controlled-release, time; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Brain**

(corpus striatum; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Nerve, disease**

(**degeneration**, striatal; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Cognitive disorders**

(from Parkinson's disease; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT Neurotrophic factors

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(glial-derived; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Brain**

(globus pallidus; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT Antibodies and Immunoglobulins

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(lactoferrins; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Parkinson's disease**

(multiple symptom atrophy associated with, plus syndrome, atypical; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Nervous system, disease**

(**neuroleptic malignant syndrome**; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's **disease** and **tardive dyskinesias**)

IT Cytoprotective agents

(peripheral membrane, retinal; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Brain**

(substantia nigra; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **Nervous system, disease**

(**tardive dyskinesia**; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's **disease** and **tardive dyskinesias**)

IT **Hyperkinesia**

(thalamic; compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT **329322-82-9, Cytochrome P450 3A 330597-62-1, Cytochrome P450 2D6**

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(compns. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT 50-52-2, Thioridazine 50-53-3, Chlorpromazine, biological studies

50-63-5, Chloroquine phosphate 50-81-7,

Vitamin C, biological studies 52-86-8, Haloperidol **54-05-7,**

Chloroquine **56-54-2, Quinidine** 58-33-3, Promethazine

hydrochloride 58-38-8, Prochlorperazine 58-39-9, Perphenazine

58-40-2, Promazine 58-73-1, Diphenhydramine 59-33-6, Pyrilamine

maleate **60-99-1, Levomepromazine** 69-23-8,

Fluphenazine 73-31-4, Melatonin 91-81-6, Tripeleennamine 113-59-7,
 Chlorprothixene 113-92-8 114-07-8,
Erythromycin 117-89-5, Trifluoperazine 118-42-3,
 Hydroxychloroquine 128-37-0, Butylated hydroxytoluene, biological
 studies 147-84-2, biological studies 299-28-5, Calcium
 gluconate 303-25-3, Cyclizine hydrochloride 303-49-1,
Clomipramine 364-62-5, **Metoclopramide**
442-96-6 523-87-5, Dimenhydrinate 814-80-2, Calcium lactate
 980-71-2, Brompheniramine maleate 1104-22-9, Meclizine hydrochloride
 1244-76-4 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 1915-92-0
1951-25-3, Amiodarone 1977-10-2, Loxapine 2062-78-4,
 Pimozide 2149-36-2, 8-Quinolinol sulfate 2739-16-4
 3313-26-6, Thiothixene 3505-38-2, Carbinoxamine maleate 4169-19-1,
 1-Acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline 5002-47-1, Fluphenazine decanoate
 5588-33-0, Mesoridazine 5897-19-8, Cyclizine lactate 7416-34-4,
 Molindone 7693-13-2, Calcium citrate 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase
 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 10246-75-0, Hydroxyzine pamoate
 15686-51-8, Clemastine 23288-49-5, Probuco 24283-71-4,
 1-Butyryl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline 25013-16-5, Butylated
 hydroxyanisole 42399-41-7, Diltiazem 50679-08-8,
 Terfenadine 51050-49-8 51481-61-9, **Cimetidine**
 53462-15-0 53462-16-1 54739-18-3,
Fluvoxamine 54910-89-3, **Fluoxetine**
 58175-86-3 58175-87-4 61869-08-7,
Paroxetine 65277-42-1, **Ketoconazole**
 66357-35-5, **Ranitidine** 67459-54-5, (-)-
Chloroquine diphosphate 68844-77-9, **Astemizole**
 69698-55-1, (+)-**Chloroquine diphosphate**
 70458-96-7, **Norfloxacin** 71320-77-9, **Moclobemide**
 74050-97-8, Haloperidol decanoate 79617-96-2, **Sertraline**
 79794-75-5, **Loratadine** 81103-11-9, **Clarithromycin**
 83366-66-9, **Nefazodone** 83881-52-1, **Cetirizine**
 hydrochloride 83891-03-6, **Norfluoxetine**
 84371-65-3, **Mifepristone** 84625-61-6,
Itraconazole 85721-33-1, **Ciprofloxacin**
 86386-73-4, **Fluconazole** 87848-99-5, **Acrivastine**
 91161-71-6, **Terbinafine** 99218-67-4
 116644-53-2, **Mibefradil** 127779-20-8,
Saquinavir 136817-59-9, **Delavirdine**
 137433-23-9 137433-24-0 150378-17-9,
Indinavir 155213-67-5, **Ritonavir**
 159989-64-7, **Nelfinavir** 169590-42-5,
Celecoxib 174882-69-0, **Pycnogenol** 319912-96-4
 319912-97-5 319912-98-6 319912-99-7
 319913-00-3 319913-01-4 319913-02-5
 319913-03-6 319913-04-7 319913-05-8
 319913-06-9 319913-07-0 319913-08-1
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 478784-68-8 478784-70-2 478784-71-3
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 645406-20-8 645406-21-9 645406-22-0
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 645406-31-1 645406-33-3 645406-34-4
 645406-35-5 645406-36-6 645406-38-8
 645406-39-9 645406-40-2 645406-41-3
 645406-42-4 645406-43-5 645406-44-6
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 645406-71-9 645406-72-0 645406-73-1
 645406-74-2 645406-75-3 645406-76-4
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 645406-81-1 645406-82-2 645406-83-3
 645406-84-4 645406-85-5 645406-86-6
 645406-87-7 645406-89-9 645406-90-2
 645406-91-3 645406-92-4 645406-93-5
 645406-94-6 645406-95-7 645406-96-8
 645406-97-9 645406-98-0 645406-99-1
 645407-00-7 645407-01-8 645407-02-9
 645407-03-0 645407-04-1 645407-05-2
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 645407-11-0 645407-12-1 645407-13-2
 645407-15-4 645407-16-5 645407-17-6
 645407-18-7 645407-19-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comps. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

IT 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies 7440-70-2, Calcium, biological
 studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comps. for treatment of Parkinson's disease and tardive dyskinesias)

L133 ANSWER 3 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:978470 HCAPLUS

DN 138:33365

ED Entered STN: 29 Dec 2002

TI Compositions and methods for the treatment of Parkinson's disease with
 quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compounds

IN **Nelson, Jodi**

PA USA

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 17 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 6,417,177.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-4706

INCL 514313000

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)

Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 4

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2002198231	A1	20021226	US 2002-192414	20020709
	US 6417177	B1	20020709	US 2000-615639	20000713 <--
	WO 2004004660	A2	20040115	WO 2003-US21463	20030709 <--
	WO 2004004660	A3	20051103		
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				

KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
 FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

US 2004229908 A1 20041118 US 2003-616692 20030709 <--
 EP 1581167 A2 20051005 EP 2003-763398 20030709

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK

PRAI US 1999-143767P P 19990713
 US 2000-175051P P 20000107
 US 2000-202140P P 20000505
 US 2000-615639 A2 20000713
 US 2002-192414 A 20020709
 US 2003-479748P P 20030619
 WO 2003-US21463 W 20030709

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
US 2002198231	ICM	A61K031-4706
	INCL	514313000
	IPCI	A61K0031-4706 [ICM,7]
	NCL	514/313.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18
US 6417177	IPCI	A61K0031-47 [ICM,7]; A61P0025-16 [ICS,7]
	NCL	514/082.000; 514/007.000; 514/105.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18 <--
WO 2004004660	IPCI	A61K [ICM,7]; A61K0031-47 [ICS,7]
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M <--
US 2004229908	IPCI	A61K0031-47 [ICM,7]
	NCL	514/313.000
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M; A61K047/48R2P; A61K047/48T4B18 <--
EP 1581167	IPCI	A61K0007-00 [ICM,7]
	ECLA	A61K031/355+M; A61K031/375+M; A61K031/47+A; A61K031/4706; A61K031/4706+M

AB This invention provides compns. and methods for increasing cellular respiration of melanized catecholamine neurons, and methods for alleviating symptoms or stopping appearance and/or progression of symptoms of Parkinson's disease and related conditions, characterized by nigrostriatal degeneration. An effective amount of a neuromelanin-binding composition having a quinoline ring in a suitable pharmaceutical carrier is administered to patient in need of such treatment. Preferably the composition comprises (-)-chloroquine. Selected adjuvants are also provided as part of the compns. of this invention.

ST Parkinson disease treatment chloroquine compd; antiparkinsonian quinoline ring contg neuromelanin binding compd; melanized catecholamine neuron respiration chloroquine compd

IT Antihistamines
 (H1, enhancing agent adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)

IT **Brain**
 (adjuvant targeting; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)

IT Antioxidants
 Dopamine agonists
 Radical scavengers

- (adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Lactoferrins**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (antibody to, conjugates with chloroquine compound; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Neuron**
 (catecholaminergic, increasing cellular respiration of melanized; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Lipophilicity**
 (chloroquine compound conjugates with agent having; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Antibodies and Immunoglobulins**
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (conjugates, with chloroquine compound, to lactotransferrin; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Respiration, animal**
 (enhancement of melanized catecholamine neurons; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Drug delivery systems**
 (immunoconjugates, anti-lactotransferrin antibody conjugates with chloroquine compound; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Nervous system, disease**
 (**multiple system atrophy**; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Melanins**
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (neuromelanins, quinoline ring-containing compound binding to; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Cytoprotective agents**
 (neuroprotective, adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Brain, disease**
 (nigrostriatal **degeneration**; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Metabolism, animal**
 (peripheral, inhibitor of; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Cell membrane**
 (protective agent as adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Antiparkinsonian agents**
Cognition enhancers
 Drug delivery systems
 Enantiomers
 Human
Parkinson's disease
 (quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT **Salts, biological studies**
 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

- (quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT Mixtures
(racemic; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT Eye
(retina, protective agent as adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT Drug delivery systems
(timed-release; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT 50-81-7, Vitamin C, biological studies 73-31-4, Melatonin 128-37-0, Butylated hydroxytoluene, biological studies 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 9054-89-1, Superoxide dismutase 23288-49-5, Probucol 25013-16-5, Butylated hydroxyanisole 174882-69-0, Pycnogenol
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(antioxidant adjuvant; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT 299-28-5, Calcium gluconate 814-80-2, Calcium lactate 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 7693-13-2, Calcium citrate 10103-46-5, Calcium phosphate 14127-61-8, Calcium ion, biological studies
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(as peripheral membrane protective agent; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT 1951-25-3, Amiodarone 51481-61-9, Cimetidine
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(cytochrome P 450 2D6 and A3 inhibitor inhibiting peripheral metabolism of chloroquine compds.; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT 56-54-2, Quinidine 60-99-1, Levomepromazine 303-49-1, Clomipramine 364-62-5, Metoclopramide 54910-89-3, Fluoxetine 61869-08-7, Paroxetine 66357-35-5, Ranitidine 71320-77-9, Moclobemide 79617-96-2, Sertraline 91161-71-6, Terbinafine 116644-53-2, Mibefradil 155213-67-5, Ritonavir 169590-42-5, Celecoxib
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(cytochrome P 450 2D6 inhibitor inhibiting peripheral metabolism of chloroquine compds.; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of Parkinson's disease)
- IT 114-07-8, Erythromycin 147-84-2, biological studies 42399-41-7, Diltiazem 54739-18-3, Fluvoxamine 65277-42-1, Ketoconazole 70458-96-7, Norfloxacin 81103-11-9, Clarithromycin 83366-66-9, Nefazodone 83891-03-6, Norfluoxetine 84371-65-3, Mifepristone 84625-61-6, Itraconazole 85721-33-1, Ciprofloxacin 86386-73-4, Fluconazole 127779-20-8, Saquinavir

136817-59-9, Delavirdine 150378-17-9,

Indinavir 159989-64-7, Nelfinavir

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cytochrome P 450 A3 inhibitor inhibiting peripheral metabolism of
chloroquine compds.; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds.
for treatment of Parkinson's disease)

IT 58-33-3, Promethazine hydrochloride 58-73-1, Diphenhydramine 59-33-6,
Pyrilamine maleate 91-81-6, Tripelenamine 113-92-8,

Chlorpheniramine maleate 303-25-3, Cyclizine hydrochloride
523-87-5, Dimenhydrinate 980-71-2, Brompheniramine maleate 1104-22-9,

Meclizine hydrochloride 2192-20-3, Hydroxyzine hydrochloride

3505-38-2, Carbinoxamine maleate 5897-19-8, Cyclizine lactate

10246-75-0, Hydroxyzine pamoate 15686-51-8, Clemastine 50679-08-8,

Terfenadine 68844-77-9, Astemizole 79794-75-5, Loratadine

83881-52-1, Cetirizine hydrochloride 87848-99-5, Acrivastine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(histamine H1 receptor antagonist as enhancing agent adjuvant;
quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of
Parkinson's disease)

IT 329322-82-9, Cytochrome P450 3A 330597-62-1, Cytochrome
P450 2D6

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)

(inhibitor of; quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for
treatment of Parkinson's disease)

IT 50-63-5, **Chloroquine phosphate** 54-05-7

, Chloroquine 118-42-3, Hydroxychloroquine 134-31-6,

8-Quinolinol sulfate 442-96-6 1915-92-0 2739-16-4

4169-19-1, 1-Acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline 4298-15-1

6168-85-0 24283-71-4, 1-Butyryl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline

32571-37-2 53462-15-0 58175-87-4,

(-)-Chloroquine 82351-01-7 99218-67-4

319912-96-4 319912-97-5 319912-98-6

319912-99-7 319913-00-3 319913-01-4

319913-03-6 319913-04-7 319913-05-8

319913-06-9 319913-07-0 319913-08-1

478784-57-5 478784-58-6 478784-60-0

478784-61-1 478784-63-3 478784-64-4

478784-65-5 478784-66-6 478784-67-7

478784-68-8 478784-70-2 478784-71-3

478784-73-5 478784-74-6

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(quinoline ring-containing neuromelanin-binding compds. for treatment of
Parkinson's disease)

L133 ANSWER 4 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2000:68339 HCAPLUS

DN 132:117553

ED Entered STN: 28 Jan 2000

TI Treatment for schizophrenia and other dopamine system dysfunctions using
MPTP and analogs

IN **Nelson, Jodi A.**

PA USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 37 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM A61K031-44

CC 1-11 (Pharmacology)
Section cross-reference(s): 63

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2000003713	A1	20000127	WO 1999-US15961	19990714
	W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
	RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
	AU 9949959	A1	20000207	AU 1999-49959	19990714
PRAI	US 1998-92792P	P	19980714		
	US 1999-232311	A	19990115		
	WO 1999-US15961	W	19990714		

CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2000003713	ICM	A61K031-44
	IPCI	A61K0031-44 [ICM, 6]
	ECLA	A61K031/44+A; A61K031/44+M; A61K031/4418; A61K031/4425; A61K031/443; A61K031/4436; A61K045/06+M
AU 9949959	IPCI	A61K0031-44 [ICM, 6]

OS MARPAT 132:117553

AB Methods and compns. containing 1-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine (MPTP) and its analogs and/or pyridinium ions thereof for the treatment of pos. and neg. symptoms of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia are provided. Compns. are administered in amts. sufficient to reduce dopamine levels in subcortical areas of the brain without causing symptoms of Parkinson's disease. One course of treatment can result in permanent or long-term amelioration of symptoms. Selective neuroprotective agents, neurotoxicity-enhancing agents, and dopamine upregulation agents or other antidote may be administered in combination with MPTP and analogs as part of the treatment. For example, i.p. administration of neurotoxic MPTP (5, 10, and 15 mg/kg) to mice, combined with a neurotoxicity-enhancing agent (acetaldehyde, 250 mg/kg 10 min prior and 20 min following the administration of MPTP) for 5 consecutive days produced a dopamine depletion which was repotentiated by administration of a neuroprotectant, deprenyl (0.25 mg/kg).

ST MPTP analog neurotoxin dopamine neuron schizophrenia; pyridine tetrahydromethylphenyl antipsychotic schizophrenia tardive dyskinesia

IT Estrogens

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(combination with; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT Antipsychotics

Drug delivery systems

Schizophrenia

(compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT Nerve

(**dopaminergic**; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine **neurons** for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT Melanins
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (neuromelanins, compds. with affinity for, combination with; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT Cytoprotective agents
 (neuroprotectants, combination with; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT **Nervous system**
 (tardive dyskinesia; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT 9001-66-5, Monoamine oxidase
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 (A and B; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia in combination with MAO inhibitors)

IT 50-47-5, Desipramine **54-05-7**, Chloroquine 55-65-2,
 Guanethidine 2323-36-6, Deprenyl 2942-42-9, 7-Nitroindazole
 14611-51-9, Selegiline 56862-28-3 59729-33-8, Citalopram 77086-22-7,
 MK 801
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (combination with; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT 13458-14-5 28289-54-5, 1-Methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine
 48134-75-4 57070-49-2 75663-55-7 102417-86-7 115900-05-5
 115900-06-6
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT 51-61-6, Dopamine, biological studies
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)
 (compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

IT 75-07-0, Acetaldehyde, biological studies **147-84-2**, biological studies
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (neurotoxicity-enhancing agent, combination with; compns. containing MPTP or analogs as neurotoxins for dopamine neurons for treatment of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 RE
 (1) Bymaster; US 5750541 A 1998 HCAPLUS
 (2) Fredriksson, A; Journal of Neural Transmission 1995, V102, P19 HCAPLUS
 (3) Godel; US 5688798 A 1997 HCAPLUS
 (4) Mytilineou, C; Journal of Neurochemistry 1985, V45(6), P1951 HCAPLUS

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L175 ANSWER 1 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
 AN 2004-214263 [20] WPIX
 CR 2001-147126 [15]
 DNC C2004-084759
 TI Composition useful for treating e.g. motor fluctuations and multiple
 symptom atrophy associated with **Parkinson's** disease comprises
 neuromelanin-binding agent e.g. chloroquine.
 DC B02 B05
 IN **NELSON, J**
 PA (ALPH-N) ALPHA RES GROUP LLC; (NELS-I) NELSON J
 CYC 103
 PI WO 2004004660 A2 20040115 (200420)* EN 52 A61K000-00
 RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GB GH GM GR HU IE IT KE LS
 LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL SZ TR TZ UG ZM ZW
 W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK
 DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR
 KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ OM PH PL PT
 RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VC VN YU ZA ZM
 ZW
 AU 2003248893 A1 20040123 (200459) A61K000-00
 US 2004229908 A1 20041118 (200477) A61K031-47 <--
 EP 1581167 A2 20051005 (200565) EN A61K007-00
 R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV
 MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR
 ADT WO 2004004660 A2 WO 2003-US21463 20030709; AU 2003248893 A1 AU 2003-248893
 20030709; US 2004229908 A1 Provisional US 1999-143767P 19990713,
 Provisional US 2000-175051P 20000107, Provisional US 2000-202140P
 20000505, CIP of US 2000-615639 20000713, CIP of US 2002-192414 20020709,

Provisional US 2003-479748P 20030619, US 2003-616692 20030709; EP 1581167
 A2 EP 2003-763398 20030709, WO 2003-US21463 20030709
 FDT AU 2003248893 A1 Based on WO 2004004660; US 2004229908 A1 CIP of US
 64171177; EP 1581167 A2 Based on WO 2004004660
 PRAI US 2003-479748P 20030619; US 2002-192414 20020709;
 US 1999-143767P 19990713; US 2000-175051P 20000107;
 US 2000-202140P 20000505; US 2000-615639 20000713;
 US 2003-616692 20030709
 IC ICM A61K000-00; A61K007-00; **A61K031-47**
 AB WO2004004660 A UPAB: 20051011

NOVELTY - A composition (C1) comprising neuromelanin-binding agent (I) selected from 45 compounds as given in the specification, e.g. chloroquine, its fluorine analogs, or derivatives containing quinoline nucleus including 7-fluoro-4-(4-diethylamino-1-methylbutylamino)quinoline and **chloroquine phosphate**, and/or their salts complexed, covalently linked or mixed with an adjuvant, is new.

ACTIVITY - Tranquilizer; **Antiparkinsonian**; Nootropic; Muscular-Gen.; Neuroleptic.

The neuroprotective activity of **chloroquine diphosphate** was evaluated in the patients diagnosed with multiple symptom atrophy. Initially patients were administered with a test medication (155 mg) comprising chloroquine and **cimetidine**, 4 times a day. The medication was administered at a dosage of: 155 mg/thrice a day on days 2 and 3; 155 mg/twice a day on days 4 - 6; and 155 mg/day on day 7 onward. After 14 days of the treatment, functional evaluations by Unified **Parkinson's** Disease Rating scale (UPDRS) were made. The UPDRS scores after 14 days/baseline were 82/85. The patient's speech therapist and physical therapist reported significant improvement in speech and range of motion.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Melanized Catecholamine Neuronal Respiration Enhancer.

USE - The composition is useful for reducing the amount of dopamine or dopamine agonist; for inhibiting oxidative stress responsible for negative symptoms of **schizophrenia**; for reducing apoptosis and increasing cellular respiration in melanized catecholamine neurons; for selectively increasing glial-derived neurotrophic factor (GDNF) in the substantia nigra, striatum and/or globus pallidus; for reducing thalamic hyperactivity; and for treating idiopathic **Parkinson's** disease, multiple symptom atrophy associated with **Parkinson's** disease, **Parkinson's** plus syndrome, atypical **Parkinsonian** disorder, cognitive symptoms of **Parkinson's** disease, on-off syndrome associated with dopamine or dopamine agonist, vascular **Parkinson's** disease, drug-induced **dyskinesias**, tardive **dyskinesias**, motor fluctuation, neuroleptic malignant syndrome, and negative symptoms of **schizophrenia**) (all claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The composition reduces the amount of dopamine or dopamine agonist used in the treatment of e.g. **Parkinson's** disease, and hence reduces or prevents syndromes or side effects associated with the treatment. The composition effectively improves cognition, alleviates motor symptoms, and attenuates progression of **Parkinson's** disease.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B01-C05; B02-E; B06-A01; B06-A02; B06-B02; B06-D01; B06-D02; B06-D03; B06-D04; B06-D05; B06-D12; B06-E05; B06-F03; B06-F04; B07-A01; B07-A02B; B07-A03; B07-A04; B07-D03; B07-D04C; B07-D05; B07-D08; B07-D09; B07-D11; B07-D13; B07-E03; B07-F01; B10-A11A; B10-A18; B10-B01A; B10-B03B; B10-B04B; B10-C02; B14-H04; **B14-J01A3**; B14-J01A4; **B14-J01B3**; B14-J02D3; **B14-J05**;

B14-L01; B14-L06; B14-L09

TECH UPTX: 20040324

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: (C1) Comprises (I) (100 - 500, preferably 100 - 200 mg), calcium ion (1000 - 2000 mg) and vitamin D (700 - 900 IU). (C1) Further comprises a second active ingredient. (C1) Is in the form of a time-release preparation, and the **peripheral** protective agent is not complexed or covalently bound to (I). (C1) Releases the **peripheral** protective agent from 1.5 - 3 hours prior to release of (I); **peripheral metabolism** inhibitor from 1.5 - 2 hours after the **peripheral** protective agent and 1 hour before (I); or first- and second-generation histamine H1 receptor concurrently with (I). (I) Is covalently linked to a lactotransferrin antibody or with a lipophilic moiety. (I) Consist of a (-)-enantiomer, and a lesser amount of (+)-enantiomer (0 - 20%) of the total enantiomeric mixture. The ratio of (I) to dopamine or its agonist is 5:95 - 25:75.

Preferred Components: The adjuvant is **peripheral** membrane protective agent (preferably retinal protective agent), enhancing agent (preferably histamine H1 receptor antagonist, especially first-/second-generation histamine H1 receptor antagonist), **peripheral metabolism** inhibitor (preferably inhibitors of cytochrome P450 2D6 and/or 3A enzyme), neural protective compound other than (I), dopamine or its agonist, free radical deactivator, antioxidant (preferably probucol, pycnogenol, vitamin C, vitamin E, butylated hydroxytoluene, butylated hydroxyanisole (BHA), melatonin or superoxide dismutase) or brain-targeting agent. The second active ingredient is dopamine, dopamine precursor, dopamine agonist or dopamine antagonist. (I) Is chloroquine, **chloroquine phosphate**, hydroxychloroquine, their racemic mixture or enantiomers, covalently linked, mixed, or complexed with an adjuvant, or its salt or mixture. The **peripheral** protective agent is calcium citrate, calcium gluconate, calcium lactate or calcium phosphate, or vitamin D). The cytochrome (CYP) 2D6 enzyme inhibitor is **amiodarone**, **celecoxib**, **chlorpheniramine**, **cimetidine**, **clomipramine**, **fluoxetine**, **levomepromazine**, **metoclopramide**, **mibefradil**, **moclobemide**, **paroxetine**, **quinidine**, **ranitidine**, **ritonavir**, **sertraline**, **terbinafine**, their racemic mixture, enantiomers or salts (preferably **amiodarone**, **cimetidine** or their salts). The cytochrome P450 3A enzyme inhibitor is **delavirdine**, **indinavir**, **nelfinavir**, **saquinavir**, **amiodarone**, **cimetidine**, **ciprofloxacin**, **clarithromycin**, **diethyl-dithiocarbamate**, **diltiazem**, **erythromycin**, **fluconazole**, **fluvoxamine**, **itraconazole**, **ketoconazole**, **mifepristone**, **nefazodone**, **norfloxacin**, **norfluoxetine**, their racemic mixture, enantiomers or salts. The first generation histamine H1 receptor antagonist is carbinoxamine maleate, clemastine, diphenhydramine, dimenhydrinate, pyrilamine maleate, tripeleminamine, **chlorpheniramine** maleate, brompheniramine maleate, hydroxyzine hydrochloride, hydroxyzine pamoate, cyclizine hydrochloride, cyclizine lactate, meclizine hydrochloride, promethazine hydrochloride, their racemic mixture, enantiomers or salts. The second-generation histamine H1 receptor antagonist is acrivastine, cetirizine hydrochloride, astemizole, loratadine, terfenadine, their racemic mixture, enantiomers or salts. The dopamine antagonist is chlorpromazine, chlorprothixene, fluphenazine, haloperidol, loxapine, mesoridazine, molindone, perphenazine, pimozide, prochlorperazine, promazine, thioridazine, thiothixene, trifluoperazine, fluphenazine decanoate or haloperidol decanoate.

ABEX

UPTX: 20040324

ADMINISTRATION - Dosage of (I) is 0.5 - 1000 mg/day, and administered orally or parenterally (e.g. intravenously, intramuscularly, subcutaneously or intraperitoneally).

EXAMPLE - No suitable example given.

L175 ANSWER 2 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 2003-865405 [80] WPIX

DNC C2003-244776

TI Use of zinc ionophoric material, capable of delivering excess zinc across a cellular membrane to inhibit eukaryotic cell metabolism, for treating microbial and fungal infections and dandruff.

DC B05 C03

IN GAVIN, D F; KAUFMAN, D J; MARGRAF, C H; MARSH, R G; NELSON, J D;

POLSON, G; ROBERTS, K P; SCHWARTZ, J R; TURLEY, P A; POISON, G

PA (PROC) PROCTER & GAMBLE CO; (ARCH-N) ARCH CHEM; (PROC) PROCTER & GAMBLE;

(ARCH-N) ARCH CHEM INC; (GAVI-I) GAVIN D F; (KAU

MARGRAF C H; (MARS-I) MARSH R G; (NELS-I) NELSON

(ROBE-I) ROBERTS K P; (SCHW-I) SCHWARTZ J R; (TI

CYC 103

PI WO 2003088965 A1 20031030 (200380)* EN 62

RW: AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EA EE ES FI FR GI

LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT RO SD SE SI SK SL S;

W: AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ C;

DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU I;

KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN M;

PT RO RU SC SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TN TR T'

US 2004058855 A1 20040325 (200422)

AU 2003218279 A1 20031103 (200438)

EP 1496899 A1 20050119 (200506) EN A61K031-44

R: AL AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LI LT LU LV

MC MK NL PT RO SE SI SK TR

JP 2005526111 W 20050902 (200559) 53 A61K031-44

CN 1646124 A 20050727 (200580) A61K031-44

ADT WO 2003088965 A1 WO 2003-US8476 20030318; US 2004058855 A1 Provisional US

2002-374347P 20020422, US 2003-392104 20030318; AU 2003218279 A1 AU

2003-218279 20030318; EP 1496899 A1 EP 2003-714273 20030318, WO

2003-US8476 20030318; JP 2005526111 W JP 2003-585717 20030318, WO

2003-US8476 20030318; CN 1646124 A CN 2003-808988 20030318

FDT AU 2003218279 A1 Based on WO 2003088965; EP 1496899 A1 Based on WO

2003088965; JP 2005526111 W Based on WO 2003088965

PRAI US 2002-374347P 20020422; US 2003-392104 20030318

IC ICM A61K031-44; A61K038-16

ICS A61K007-00; A61K007-06; A61K007-075; A61K007-40; A61K031-145;

A61K031-27; A61K031-28; A61K031-315; A61K031-351; A61K031-423;

A61K031-47; A61K031-555; A61K033-30; A61P017-00; A61P031-00;

A61P031-02; A61P031-10; A61P043-00

AB WO2003088965 A UPAB: 20031211

NOVELTY - Delivery of excess zinc to eukaryotic cells to inhibit the cell metabolism comprises treating the cells with a zinc ionophoric material (I) (having a minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) of less than 500 ppm) that is capable of delivering a zinc ion across a cellular membrane.

ACTIVITY - Fungicide; Antifungal; Antidandruff.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Eukaryotic cell metabolism inhibitor.

USE - Compositions comprising (I) are useful in the treatment of microbial infections, fungal infections and dandruff (claimed). They are useful for cleansing skin and hair and controlling a variety of microbial infections on the skin or scalp, in animals as well as humans. Such infections include tinea pedis, onychomycosis, yeast infections and diaper

false hit

rash.

ADVANTAGE - Compositions comprising (I) are physically stable and provide improved anti-dandruff efficacy due to the use of materials exhibiting zinc ionophoric behavior.

Dwg.0/0

FS

FA

MC

CPI: B02-A; B02-C01; B02-I; B03-G; B04-N02; B04-N04; B05-A01B; B05-A03A; B05-B02A3; B05-B02C; B05-C04; B05-C07; B06-D02; B07-A02A; B07-A02B; B07-A03; B07-D04C; B07-D04D; B07-D09; B10-A04; B10-A12A; B10-C04E; B14-A01; B14-A04; B14-A04C; B14-L06; B14-N17; B14-R02; C02-A; C02-C01; C02-I; C03-G; C04-N02; C04-N04; C05-A01B; C05-A03A; C05-B02A3; C05-B02C; C05-C04; C05-C07; C06-D02; C07-A02A; C07-A02B; C07-A03; C07-D04C; C07-D04D; C07-D09; C10-A04; C10-A12A; C10-C04E; C14-A01; C14-A04; C14-A04C; C14-L06; C14-N17; C14-R02

TECH

UPTX: 20031211

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Process: The delivery of excess zinc to the cells takes place when (I) is in combination with a zinc containing material (II), resulting in a 1.5 fold (preferably 2.5 fold) increase in intracellular zinc level over that which would occur in the absence of (I). The combination demonstrates an increase in zinc transport that enhances antifungal activity. In the presence of 5 ppm or less of (II), the increase in the antifungal activity of (I) is achieved with at least 50% reduction in the amount of (I) necessary to inhibit cell growth. The process involves reaction of (II) with a metallochromic dye zincon to give a color change from orange to blue.

Preferred Composition: (I) is a zinc salt of the zinc ionophoric material. (I) may be polyvalent metal salts of pyrithiones i.e. pyrithione or a zinc salt of pyrithione (preferably zinc pyrithione), dithiocarbamates (pyrrolidine dithiocarbamate, **diethyldithiocarbamate**, zinc **diethyldithiocarbamate**, disulfiram, dimethyldithiocarbamate and/or zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate), heterocyclic amines (preferably 8-hydroxyquinoline, 5,7-diiodo-8-hydroxyquinoline, 5,7-dichloro-8-hydroxyquinoline, 5-chloro-7-iodo-8-hydroxyquinoline, chloroquinaldol, 2-methyl-5,7-dichloro-8-hydroxyquinoline and/or 5-7-dibromo-8-hydroxyquinoline), nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory compounds, naturally occurring materials having zinc ionophoric behavior and their derivatives, bio-molecules and peptides (preferably lasalocid (X537A), A23187 (calcimycin), 4-BR A23187, ionomycin and/or cyclosporin A), sulfur-based compounds (preferably tetra-n-butyl thiuram disulfide) and transport enhancers (preferably albumin, histidine, arachidonic acid, picolinic acid, dihydroxyvitamin D3 and/or ethylmaltol). (II) is an inorganic material, particularly zinc aluminate, zinc carbonate, zinc oxide, calamine, zinc phosphate, zinc selenide, zinc sulfide, zinc silicates, zinc silicofluoride, zinc borate, zinc-containing layered material and/or zinc hydroxide and zinc hydroxy sulfate (preferably zinc oxide and/or natural zinc containing materials (preferably ores, minerals, organic salts, polymeric salts or physically adsorbed form material). The zinc-containing layered material is zinc carbonate hydroxide, zinc copper carbonate, layered double hydroxide and/or hydroxy double salts (preferably hydrozincite).

ABEX

UPTX: 20031211

ADMINISTRATION - Compositions comprising (I) are administered topically as daily skin or hair care products (e.g. skin lotions, hair sprays and hair gels), as cleansing products (such as shampoos or body washes) or powders (with a carrier such as talc) in an amount of 1-50 g (preferably 1-20 g).

L175 ANSWER 3 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 2000-182331 [16] WPIX

DNC C2000-056988

TI Treating schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia comprises administering tetrahydropyridine compounds as neurotoxic substrates for monoamine oxidase.

DC B03

IN **NELSON, J A**

PA (NELS-I) NELSON J A

CYC 86

PI WO 2000003713 A1 20000127 (200016)* EN 37 A61K031-44
 RW: AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL
 OA PT SD SE SL SZ UG ZW
 W: AE AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB
 GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU
 LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR
 TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW

AU 9949959 A 20000207 (200029) A61K031-44
 US 6232326 B1 20010515 (200129) A61K031-44

ADT WO 2000003713 A1 WO 1999-US15961 19990714; AU 9949959 A AU 1999-49959
 19990714; US 6232326 B1 Provisional US 1998-92792P 19980714, CIP of US
 1999-232311 19990115, US 1999-353490 19990713

FDT AU 9949959 A Based on WO 2000003713

PRAI US 1999-232311 19990115; US 1998-92792P 19980714;
 US 1999-353490 19990713

IC ICM A61K031-44

AB WO 2000003713 A UPAB: 20000330

NOVELTY - Symptoms of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia are treated by administering tetrahydropyridine compounds (I), their pyridinium ions or salts as neurotoxic substrates for monoamine oxidase A and B.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Symptoms of schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia are treated by administering tetrahydropyridine compounds of formula (I), their pyridinium ions or salts as neurotoxic substrates for monoamine oxidase A and B.

R1 = H, methyl, CH₂CCH, phenyl or benzyl;
 A = phenyl, 5 or 6 membered S or O containing heterocyclyl or 5 or 6-membered cycloalkyl (all optionally substituted);
 n = 0 or 1 and
 B = C or O.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for a composition comprising (I) and a selective neural protective agent and/or toxicity-enhancing agent.

ACTIVITY - Neuroprotective; CNS.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Monoamine oxidase A and monoamine oxidase B inhibitors.

USE - Used for treating schizophrenia and tardive dyskinesia.

ADVANTAGE - The treatment does not cause serious side effects such as symptoms of Parkinson's disease and shows a permanent effect for the long-term. The treatment restores some of the deficient frontal metabolic activity, allowing neurochemical messages sent from the higher cortical structures to the mid-brain to be adequately communicated.

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B07-D04A; B07-D04C; B14-D05A; B14-J01B3

TECH UPTX: 20000330

TECHNOLOGY FOCUS - PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred compounds: (I) comprises 1-methyl-4-phenyl-1,2,3,6,-tetrahydropyridine (MPTP), 2'-methyl-MPTP, 2'-fluoro-MPTP, 2'-chloro-MPTP, 3'-chloro-MPTP, 3'-bromo-MPTP or 1-methyl-4-tert-butyl-1,2,3,6-tetrahydropyridine and their pyridinium derivatives. The pyridinium ion comprises 2'-methylMPP+, 4'-aminoMPP+, 4'-N(CH₃)₂-MPP+, 1-methyl-2-phenylpyridinium (sic) or 1-methyl-4-phenylpyridinium.

(I) is administered with a neural protective agent comprising

guanethidine, chloroquine compounds having high affinity to neuromelanin, desipramine, citalopram, 7-nitroindazole (7-NI), estrogen, selegiline (L-(-)-deprenyl), L-(-)-desmethyleselegiline, 5-methyl-10,11-dihydro-5H-dibenzo(a,d)cyclohepten-5,10-imine maleate(MK-801)), deprenyl and other monoamine oxidase A (MAO-A) and monoamine oxidase B (MAO-B) inhibitors. The toxicity enhancing agent comprises acetaldehyde (ACE) or **diethyldithiocarbamate** (DDC).

ABEX UPTX: 20000330

ADMINISTRATION - The total dosage is 0.001-0.5 (preferably 0.01-0.2) mg/kg intravenously, orally or intraperitoneally. Three groups of male black mice received injections of MPTP + acetaldehyde at dosages of 5, 10 and 15 mg/kg/day. This regimen was continued for a maximum of 5 days until motor symptoms occurred and did not resolve 24 hours after injections. The data showed a depletion in dopamine level by 50%, 60% and 70% for the respective groups.

L175 ANSWER 4 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 1994-199945 [24] WPIX

DNC C1994-091317

TI Compsn. for treatment of ischaemic diseases - comprises calcium channel blocker e.g. verapamil, **diltiazem** etc. and antioxidant.

DC B05

IN HASHIMOTO, M; KUNIHARA, M; LIOU, S

PA (UPJO) UPJOHN CO; (PHAA) PHARMACIA & UPJOHN CO

CYC 47

PI WO 9412185 A1 19940609 (199424)* EN 44 A61K031-55 <--
 RW: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL OA PT SE
 W: AT AU BB BG BR BY CA CH CZ DE DK ES FI GB HU JP KP KR KZ LK LU LV
 MG MN MW NL NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SK UA US UZ VN
 JP 06172220 A 19940621 (199429) 30 A61K045-06 <--
 AU 9456807 A 19940622 (199436) A61K031-55 <--
 EP 682520 A1 19951122 (199551) EN A61K031-55 <--
 R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE
 JP 08506096 W 19960702 (199650) 60 A61K045-06 <--
 NZ 258768 A 19970424 (199723) A61K031-55 <--

ADT WO 9412185 A1 WO 1993-US11505 19931202; JP 06172220 A JP 1992-324394 19921203; AU 9456807 A AU 1994-56807 19931202; EP 682520 A1 WO 1993-US11505 19931202, EP 1994-902431 19931202; JP 08506096 W WO 1993-US11505 19931202, JP 1994-513408 19931202; NZ 258768 A NZ 1993-258768 19931202, WO 1993-US11505 19931202

FDT AU 9456807 A Based on WO 9412185; EP 682520 A1 Based on WO 9412185; JP 08506096 W Based on WO 9412185; NZ 258768 A Based on WO 9412185

PRAI JP 1992-324394 19921203

REP 01Jnl.Ref

IC ICM A61K031-55; A61K045-06

ICS A61K031-135; A61K031-355; A61K031-38; A61K031-40; A61K031-435; A61K031-44; A61K031-445; **A61K031-47**; A61K031-495; A61K031-505; A61K031-56; A61K031-58; A61K047-22

AB WO 9412185 A UPAB: 19971030

Pharmaceutical compsn. comprises a calcium channel blocker and an antioxidant.

The calcium channel blocker is verapamil, **diltiazem**, nifedipine, nicardipine, flunarizine, nilvadipine, nitrendipine, manidipine, benidipine, bepridil or barnidipine and their pharmaceutically active salts especially 2-((4-(2,6-bis(pyrrolidino)-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-piperazinyl)-methyl)-3,4-dihydro-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2H-1-benzopyran-6-ol or its pharmaceutically active salts, most pref. 16alpha-methyl-21-(4-(2,6-bis(pyrrolidine)-4-pyrimidinyl)-1-piperazinyl)pregna-1,4,9(11)-triene-3,20-dione or its pharmaceutically

active salts, hydrates or solvates. The antioxidant is a bicyclic amine.

USE/ADVANTAGE - Used in the treatment and prevention of ischaemic diseases (claimed), such as strokes and cerebrovascular diseases that are either post-traumatic or sequela of brain surgery, as well as cardiovascular disorders such as angina pectoris and arrhythmic caused upon reflowing of the damage due to burns, organ transplantation

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; DCN

MC CPI: B01-B03; B06-A01; B06-F03; B07-D03; B0
B14-F02; B14-J01; B14-S08

↑
???

L175 ANSWER 5 OF 5 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THO

AN 1993-054274 [07] WPIX

DNC C1993-024287

TI New quinoline and naphthyridine derivs. as treating hypertension, heart failure, hyperdiabetic retinopathy, migraine, atherosclerosis, cognitive disorders etc..

DC B02

IN CHAKRAVARTY, P K; GREENLEE, W J

PA (MERI) MERCK & CO INC

CYC 10

PI EP 527534 A1 19930217 (199307)* EN 45 C07D215-22 <--
R: CH DE FR GB IT LI NL
CA 2075652 A 19930214 (199318) C07D215-233 <--
US 5246944 A 19930921 (199339) 24 C07D215-20 <--
JP 06056789 A 19940301 (199413) 30 C07D215-22 <--

ADT EP 527534 A1 EP 1992-202422 19920805; CA 2075652 A CA
1992-2075652 19920810; US 5246944 A US 1991-744140 19910813
; JP 06056789 A JP 1992-215991 19920813

PRAI US 1991-744140 19910813

REP 1.Jnl.Ref; EP 323841; EP 412848; EP 470794; EP 487252; EP 490587; WO
9107404; WO 9111999; WO 9112001; WO 9202508

IC ICM C07D215-20; C07D215-22; C07D215-233

ICS A61K031-435; A61K031-47; A61K031-535; A61K031-675;
C07D401-12; C07D403-12; C07D405-12; C07D413-12; C07D471-04;
C07D491-056; C07F009-547

AB EP 527534 A UPAB: 19940126

Substd. benzyloxy- quinoline and 1,5-naphthyridine derivs. of formula (I) and their salts are new.

In (I) R1 = H, 1-8C alkyl, 3-8C cycloalkyl, 3-8C cycloalkyl (1-4C alkyl), 1-8C perfluoroalkyl, Ph or Ph (1-4C alkyl); R2 = H, 1-8C alkyl, 3-8C cycloalkyl, 3-8C cycloalkyl (1-4C alkyl), CO2R5a, 1-4C alkoxycarbonyl, CN, NO2, Ph or Ph (1-4C alkyl); R3, R4 = H, 1-6C alkyl opt.substd. by 1 of Ph, naphthyl, 3-7C cycloalkyl, NR5R21, morpholin-4-yl, OH, CO2R5a or CON(R5)2, 1-6C alkoxy, 1-4C perfluoroalkoxy, halo, CF3, CN, NO2, OH, NH2, NH (1-6C alkyl), N(1-6C alkyl)2, N(CH2CH2)2O, N(CH2CH2)2NCOR5a, N(CH2CH2)2NR5a, CO2R5a, CONH2, 1-4C alkoxycarbonyl, CONH(1-7C alkyl) or CON(1-7C alkyl)2; or R3 + R4 = 1-4C alkylendioxy; x = 0-2; m = 1-5; n = 1-10; E = CH or N; R5 = H or 1-6C alkyl; R5a = R5, CH2Ph, CH2-naphthyl, Ph or naphthyl; R9, R10 = H, 1-6C alkyl (opt. substd. by 3-7C cycloalkyl), 2-6C alkenyl, 2-6C alkynyl, halo, 1-6C alkoxy, 1-6C perfluoroalkyl, 3-7C cycloalkyl, Ph, naphthyl, 1-6C alkyl-S(O)x-(CH2)n, HO(1-6C alkyl) CF3, CO2R5a, Oh, NR5R21, 1-6C alkyl-NR5R21, NO2, (CH2)n-SO2-N(R5)2, NR5CO(1-4C alkyl) or CON(R5)2; or R9 + R10, when on adjacent C atoms, = Ph; X = O, S(O)x, NR13, CH2O, CH2S(O)x, CH2NR13, OCH2, NR13CH2, S(O)xCH2, CH2, (CH2)2 or a bond; or X = -CH=, in which case Y and R12 are absent; Y = a bond, O, S(O)x, NR13 or CH2; provided that the C to which Z is attached is not bonded to 2 heteroatoms; R11, R12 = H, 1-6C

alkyl (opt. substd. by 1 of Ph, naphthyl, NR5R21, 3-7C cycloalkyl, morpholin-4-yl, OH, CO2R5a or CON(R5)2), Ph, naphthyl, Ph (1-2C alkyl) or naphthyl (1-2C alkyl) (all opt. substd. by 1-3 from halo, 1-6C alkyl, 1-5C alkenyl-CH2, 1-5C alkynyl-CH2, 1-6C alkyl-S(O)n(CH2)n, CF3, CO2R5a, OH, NR5R21, NO2, NR5COR5, CON(R5)2, G(1-6C alkyl)R23, N(CH2CH2)2O3 and P(O)(O(1-4C alkyl))2, and additionally opt. substd. by 1-2 from Br, Cl and F) or 3-7C cycloalkyl. New compsn. comprises (I), a carrier and opt. another anti-hypertensive agent (diuretic, ACE inhibitor, Ca channel blocker or beta-blocker) (amiloride, atenolol, bendroflumethiazide, chlorothalidone, chlorothiazide, clonidine, cryptenamine acetates and tannates, deserpidine, diazoxide, guanethidine sulphate, hydralazine HCl, hydrochlorothiazide, metolazone, metoprolol tartrate, methyclothiazide, methyl dopa, methyl dopate.HCl, minoxidil, pargyline HCl, polythiazide, prazosin, propranolol, rauwolfia serpentina, rescinnamine, reserpine, sodium nitroprusside, spironolactone, timolol maleate, trichlormethiazide, trimethophan camsylate, benzthiazide, quinethazone, ticrynafen, triamterine, acetazolamide, aminophylline, cyclothiazide, ethacrynic acid, furosemide, merethoxylline procaine, sodium ethacrynate, captopril, delapril.HCl, enalapril, enalaprilat, fosinopril Na, lisinopril, pentopril, quinapril HCl, ramipril, teprotide zofenopril Ca, diflusal, **diltiazem**, felodipine, nicardipine, nifedipine, niludipine, nimodipine, nisoldipine, nitrendipine, etc, and admixtures and combinations of these.

USE - (I) are angiotensin II antagonists and are useful for treating hypertension, acute and chronic congestive heart failure, secondary hyperaldosteronism, prim. and sec. pulmonary hyperaldosteronism, prim. and sec. pulmonary hypertension, renal failure e.g. diabetic nephropathy, glomerulonephritis, sclerodema, glomerular sclerosis, proteinuria of prim. renal disease, end stage renal disease renal transplant therapy etc, renal vascular hypertension, left ventricular dysfunction, diabetic retinopathy and vascular disorders e.g. migraine, Raynaud's disease, luminal hyperplasia, and to minimise atherosclerosis. (I) are also useful for treating ocular hypertension. In addition, (I) have CNS activity and are useful in the treatment of cognitive dysfunction (e.g. Alzheimer's disease, amnesia and senile dementia) and to relieve anxiety and tension in patients with depressed or dysphoric mental states. (I) also have antidopaminergic activity and are useful to treat disorders involving dopamine dysfunction (e.g. **schizophrenia**). Admin. is oral, rectal, parenteral or (for ocular treatment), topical, at a daily dose of 1-1000 mg, pref. 2.5-250 mg, especially 2.5-75 mg (cardiovascular and ocular disorders) or 5-6000 mg, pref. 10-4000 mg, especially 20-2000 mg (CNS disorders), opt. in divided doses.

Dwg.0/0

Dwg.0/0

FS CPI

FA AB; GI; DCN

MC CPI: B05-B01E; B06-D02; B06-D06; B12-A07; B12-C06; B12-C10; B12-D01; B12-F01B; B12-F05A; B12-G03; B12-G04A; B12-H03; B12-H05; B12-K06; B12-L04

ABEQ US 5246944 A UPAB: 19931123

Substd. quinolines and azaquinolines (1,5-naphthyridines) oxymethylene bridged to substd. phenyl derivs. of formula (I) and salts are new. In the formula, R1 is H, 1-8C alkyl or -perfluoroalkyl, R2 is H, 1-8C alkyl, 5-8 cycloalkyl and -cycloalkylalkyl, CO2R5a, CN, NO2, Ph or Phalkyl, R3 and R4 are H, 1-6C alkyl opt. substd. 1-6C alkoxy, 1-4C perfluoroalkyl, CF3 or 1-4C alkoxycarbonyl, x is 0-2, E is CH, R5 is H or 1-6C alkyl, R5a is R5, CH2aryl, where aryl is Ph or naphthyl or aryl is as in R5b, R9 and R10 are H, 1-6C alkyl opt. substd. 1-6C alkenyl or -alkynyl or -alkoxy or -perfluoroalkyl, 3-7C cycloalkyl, opt. substd. 1-6CalkylS(O)xC(CH)n or OHalkyl, X is O, (S)Ox, NR13, CH2 etc. Y is bond, O, S(O)xNR13, CH2, R11

and R12 are H, 1-6C alkyl, opt. substd. aryl or 3-7C cycloalkyl, R13 is H, 1-6C alkyl, aryl, 1-6CCalkylCO, 2-5C alkenylCH2, Z is CO2H, CO2R24, tetrazol-5-yl, CONH(tetrazol-5-yl), and R14 is 1-4C alkyl, x is 0-2.

USE - (I) are angiotensin II antagonists used to treat hypertension, esp. ocular hypertension and also cognitive dysfunction, anxiety and depression.

Dwg.0/0

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 07:41:00 ON 21 DEC 2005)
DEL HIS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:42:16 ON 21 DEC 2005

L1 2 S US20040229908/PN OR US2003-616692#/AP,PRN
E NELSON J/AU
L2 1574 S E3-E52
E NELSON JODI/AU
L3 16 S E3-E5
E ALPHA/PA,CS
E ALPHA RES/PA,CS
L4 1 S E13-E16
L5 3 S L1,L4

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:45:14 ON 21 DEC 2005

E CHLOROQUINE PHOSPHATE/CN
L6 1 S E3
L7 24 S 54-05-7/CRN AND P/ELS
L8 20 S L7 AND 7664-38-2/CRN
L9 4 S L7 NOT L8
E CIMETIDINE/CN
L10 1 S E3
L11 69 S 51481-61-9/CRN
L12 0 S L11 AND L8
L13 6 S L8 NOT MXS/CI
L15 11 S L*** NOT (COMPD OR CONJUGATE OR WITH)
L16 30 S L*** NOT L15
L17 6 S L6,L13
L18 12 S L10,L15

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:49:45 ON 21 DEC 2005

L19 771 S L17
L20 667 S (CHLOROQUIN# OR CHLORCHIN#) (PHOSPHATE OR DIPHOSPHATE OR DIH
L21 234 S AVLOCOR OR ARECHIN OR ARALEN() (PHOSPHATE OR DIPHOSPHATE) OR
L22 14 S SN 7618 OR NSC 14050 OR WR 1522 OR SN7618 OR NSC14050 OR NSC
L23 1069 S L19-L22
L24 5067 S L18
L25 8050 S CIMETIDIN# OR ACIBILIN OR ACINIL OR BIOMET OR CIMAL OR CIMETA
L26 0 S SKF92334 OR SKF 92334 OR SKF 92 334 OR NSC335308 OR NSC 33530
L27 8253 S L24-L26
L28 9 S L23 AND L27
L29 3 S L28 AND L1-L5
L30 7 S L28 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
L31 4 S L30 NOT L29
SEL HIT RN L29

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:34 ON 21 DEC 2005

L32 2 S E1-E2

L33 2 S L32 AND L17,L18

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:56:53 ON 21 DEC 2005

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 07:57:00 ON 21 DEC 2005

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 07:57:25 ON 21 DEC 2005

 E 591.79/RID

 E 591.79.52/RID

L34 363017 S E3

L35 6 S (CELECOXIB OR CHLORPHENIRAMINE OR FLUOXETINE OR PAROXETINE OR

L36 9 S (AMIODARONE OR CLOMIPRAMINE OR LEVOMEPRMAZINE OR METOCLOPRAM

L37 9 S (INDINAVIR OR NELFINAVIR OR SAQUINAVIR OR AMIODARONE OR CIPRO

L38 6 S (FLUVOXAMINE OR ITRACONAZOLE OR KETOCONAZOLE OR MIFEPRISTONE

 E DELAVIRIDINE/CN

L39 1 S E1

 E NORFLOXACINEM/CN

L40 1 S E2

 E DIETHYL DITHIOCARBAMATE/CN

 E DITHIOCARBAMATE/CN

 E C5H11NS2/MF

L41 69 S E3

L42 4 S L41 AND DIETHYL

L43 2 S L42 NOT (13C OR LABELED)

L44 33 S L35-L40,L43

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:07:30 ON 21 DEC 2005

L45 TRA L29 1- RN : 233 TERMS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:07:31 ON 21 DEC 2005

L46 233 SEA L45

L47 32 S L46 AND L44

L48 1 S L44 NOT L47

 SEL RN L47

L49 1862 S E1-E32/CRN

L50 1189 S L49 NOT (MXS OR PMS OR IDS)/CI

L51 364 S L50 NOT (COMPD OR WITH OR LABELED OR CONJUGATE)

L52 354 S L51 NOT H

L53 10 S L51 NOT L52

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:09:16 ON 21 DEC 2005

L54 10279 S L52

L55 61759 S L47

L56 14065 S CELECOXIB OR CHLORPHENIRAMIN# OR FLUOXETINE OR PAROXETINE OR

L57 19948 S AMIODARONE OR CLOMIPRAMINE OR LEVOMEPRMAZINE OR METOCLOPRAMI

L58 42458 S INDINAVIR OR NELFINAVIR OR SAQUINAVIR OR AMIODARONE OR CIPROF

L59 8909 S FLUVOXAMINE OR ITRACONAZOLE OR KETOCONAZOLE OR MIFEPRISTONE O

L60 1019 S DELAVIRIDINE OR NORFLOXACINEM OR DIETHYL DITHIOCARBAMATE

L61 10445 S DIETHYLDITHIOCARBAMIC ACID OR DIETHYLDITHIOCARBAMATE

L62 101369 S L27,L54-L61

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:12:46 ON 21 DEC 2005

L63 142 S L34 AND L46 NOT L47,L52

L64 141 S L63 NOT L17

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:14:00 ON 21 DEC 2005

L65 5629 S L64

L66 6449 S L23,L65

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:14:19 ON 21 DEC 2005

L67 362658 S L34 NOT L6,L7,L44,L47,L49
 L68 312879 S L67 AND 1/NC
 L69 306617 S L68 NOT (PMS OR CCS OR IDS OR MNS)/CI
 L70 306104 S L69 NOT SQL/FA
 L71 105066 S L70 AND ED<=1999
 L72 201038 S L70 NOT L71
 L73 9075 S L72 AND ED<=2000

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:17:27 ON 21 DEC 2005

L74 83387 S L71
 L75 1650 S L73
 L76 13929 S (A61K031-47 OR C07D215)/IPC
 L77 93905 S L66,L74-L76
 L78 4834 S L77 AND L62
 L79 3464 S L78 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
 L80 4 S L78 AND L1-L5

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:26:26 ON 21 DEC 2005

L81 2 S 329322-82-9 OR 330597-62-1

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 08:26:31 ON 21 DEC 2005

L82 45 S L81 AND L77
 L83 3 S L82 AND L1-L5
 L84 4 S L80,L83
 L85 7 S L82 AND (PY<=1999 OR PRY<=1999 OR AY<=1999)
 L86 3463 S L79,L85 NOT L84
 E NERVOUS SYSTEM/CT
 L87 333287 S E3+OLD,NT
 L88 8 S E2
 L89 103409 S E3-E96
 L90 33636 S E99-E204
 L91 9577 S E96,E97,E205-E216
 L92 224670 S E240+OLD,NT
 L93 13731 S E240-E300
 L94 3347 S E301-E318
 L95 1367 S E319-E329
 E NEURON/CT
 L96 19335 S E3
 L97 1 S E57
 E SCHIZOPHRENIA/CT
 L98 10378 S E3-E7 OR E3+OLD,NT
 E PARKINSON/CT
 L99 15152 S E7-E9 OR E7+OLD,NT
 E E7+ALL
 E E13+ALL
 L100 4895 S E4
 E E12+ALL
 E E14+ALL
 L101 1219 S E5+NT
 E E4+ALL
 L102 22498 S E4+NT
 E NERVE/CT
 L103 167288 S E3+OLD,NT
 L104 145870 S E3-E48
 L105 34989 S E49-E96
 L106 51767 S E97-E132
 L107 30329 S E133-E180
 L108 17918 S E181-E212
 L109 11853 S E218-E228 OR E220+OLD,NT
 L110 11092 S E229-E282

L111 52327 S E314 OR E317-E336 OR E319+OLD,NT
 L112 14304 S E337-E372
 L113 22876 S E373-E395
 L114 13911 S E396
 L115 1524 S E397-E401
 E MOTOR/CT
 L116 215 S E27
 E COGNITI/CT
 L117 9282 S E4+OLD,NT OR E4-E8 OR E11+OLD,NT OR E12
 E E13+ALL
 L118 996 S E2,E3
 E MENTAL/CT
 L119 14032 S E22,E23
 L120 24566 S E29-E90
 E E29+ALL
 L121 58762 S E8+OLD,NT
 E BRAIN/CT
 E E3+ALL
 L122 397625 S E4+OLD,NT
 L123 218 S L86 AND L87-L122
 L124 1 S L123 AND ?DYSKINES?
 L125 12 S L123 AND ?PARKINSON?
 L126 3 S L123 AND ?SCHIZOPHREN?
 E METABOLISM/CT
 E E13+ALL
 L127 45 S E2,E3(L) PERIPHER?
 L128 217 S E2+NT(L) PERIPHER?
 L129 0 S L123 AND L127,L128
 L130 2 S E2+OLD,NT AND L123
 L131 4 S L84 AND L87-L122
 L132 2 S L84 AND E2,E3
 L133 4 S L131,L132
 L134 15 S L124-L126
 L135 1 S L134 AND L30
 L136 14 S L134 NOT L135
 SEL DN AN 7 9
 L137 2 S L136 AND E1-E6

 FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 08:56:16 ON 21 DEC 2005
 L138 12745 S (A61K031-47 OR C07D215)/IPC
 L139 27371 S D621/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
 L140 35 S L20/BIX OR L21/BIX OR L22/BIX
 E CHLOROQUINE/CN
 L141 5 S E3-E11
 SEL SDCN
 EDIT /SDCN /DCN
 L142 225 S E1-E6
 E QUINOLINE/CN
 L143 1 S E3
 SEL SDCN
 EDIT /SDCN /DCN
 L144 338 S E1
 L145 661 S 0579/DRN
 L146 35931 S L138-L145
 L147 8218 S L25/BIX OR L26/BIX OR L56/BIX OR L57/BIX OR L58/BIX OR L59/BI
 E CIMETIDINE/CN
 L148 4 S E3-E8
 SEL SDCN
 EDIT /SDCN /DCN
 L149 468 S E1-E6

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L150      8340 S L147-L149
L151      1127 S L146 AND L150
L152        3 S L151 AND NELSON J?/AU
L153       76 S (A61P021 OR A61P025)/IPC AND L151
L154      142 S L151 AND P617/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
L155       21 S L153 AND L154
L156       63 S L154 AND (P446 OR P510 OR P517)/M0,M1,M2,M3,M4,M5,M6
L157        6 S L154 AND (B14-J01A3 OR C14-J01A3 OR B12-C04 OR C12-C04)/MC
L158       13 S L154 AND (B14-J01B3 OR C14-J01B3 OR B12-C10 OR C12-C10 OR B12
L159        9 S L154 AND (B14-J05 OR C14-J05)/MC
L160       65 S L155-L159
L161        9 S L151 AND ?DYSKINES?
L162       63 S L151 AND ?PARKINSON?
L163       33 S L151 AND ?SCHIZOPHREN?
L164        9 S L151 AND (?METABOL?(L)?PERIPHER?)
L165        2 S L164 AND L161-L163
L166        2 S L164 AND L160
L167        1 S L166,L165 NOT BRAZZALE?/AU
L168        3 S L152,L167
L169      127 S L160-L164 NOT L165-L168
L170       15 S L169 AND PY<=1999
L171       32 S L169 AND PRY<=1999
L172       29 S L169 AND AY<=1999
L173       32 S L170-L172
           E R00107+ALL/DCN
           E R11285+ALL/DCN
           SEL DN AN 22 24 L173
L174        2 S L173 AND E1-E4
L175        5 S L168,L174

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FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 09:27:11 ON 21 DEC 2005

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